EASY TO SELL
A LIFE, MARINE OR FIRE POLICY
of
UNION LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
DADY HOUSE, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
WRITE TODAY FOR AGENCY TERMS AND CONDITIONS. BRIGHT SCOPE FOR INFLUENTIAL PARTIES IN BOMBAY

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 242 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Surajmal's for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD BOMBAY Tel. 22236

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY 'LIBRARY' OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

RLY. FARES TO GO UP

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Oct. 14.

Further increase in railway rates and fare are regarded now as inevitable here. Falling revenues and proposed enhancement of expenditure on account of Central Pay Commission's report and Rajadhyaksha's Award—two items expected to cost 40 crores yearly—had necessitated increase. Even normal earnings would not be able to bear this additional strain, it is stated here.

LIVING LINK WITH TILAK REMOVED

Poona's Last Homage To Kelkar; City Observes Hartal

POONA, Oct. 14 (A.P.I.): Poona paid its last homage to its revered leader, the late Mr. Kelkar, this evening. His long funeral procession taken out from his residence at the Deccan Gymkhana wended its way through the main thoroughfares of the city and took over four hours to reach the burning ghats. A number of institutions honoured his memory on the way by placing wreaths on the bier.

Earlier, a constant stream of visitors arrived at his residence to pay their homage to him. They included the Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. G. D. Vartak, Mr. G. T. Tapase, Mr. L. M. Patil.

Tributes to his memory were paid at the burning ghats by Mr. V. D. Savarkar, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Mr. K. M. Jedhe, the Maharashtra Provincial Congress President, and a host of other distinguished personalities.

Shops and educational institutions in Poona remained closed for the day in his memory.

LIVING LINK WITH TILAK REMOVED

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 14 (A.P.I.): Mr. G. V. Mavlankar in a statement on the death of Mr. N. C. Kelkar says: "The death of Mr. N. C. Kelkar removes our living link with late Lokamanya Tilak. Maharashtra loses a scholar and author of exceptional calibre whose knowledge and writings covered an extensive field and a variety of subjects. Though dead, he will live with us through his services to the country and his writings."

(SEE PAGE 5)

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER
NEW YORK, Oct. 14.

Previous Closings	31.37
Today's Opening	31.56
Difference	+19
Today's Closing	31.71
Difference	+34

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Oct. 14.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining $34-7/8.
General Motors $59.
United States Steel Common $73-1/2.
United States Steel Preference $142-3/4—(Reuter).

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Oct. 14

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	467	0
Cotton Jarila March	471	4
Silver Bullion	154	8
Gold Forward	98	8
Sovereign	64	8

Wordy War On "Little Assembly" Proposal

SOVIET THUNDER AGAINST AMERICA'S DESIGNS

But U.S. Maintains Move Is To Rescue U.N.O.'s Prestige

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, October 14, (Reuter): The United Nations Political Committee began today what is expected to be a bitter fight over the United States' proposal to establish a year round General Assembly Interim Committee—"Little Assembly"—in an attempt to overcome some of the recent Security Council's deadlocks.

TO RESCUE U.N.O.

Mr. John Foster Dulles, United States Delegate, told the Committee that the United States expected the present General Assembly to restore "some of the lost prestige" of the United Nations. He said:

"The peoples of the world are afflicted by international uncertainties and they are frightened by international tensions.

In consequence grave problems are precipitated upon the General Assembly.

The Assembly can disregard its mounting responsibilities and try to get along with working six or eight weeks each year.

The probable result would be that, attempting to do too much in too little time, the Assembly would do nothing well.

A possible solution is for the General Assembly to establish an Interim Working Committee. The United States believes that procedure should be tried.

ITS FUNCTIONS.

'Accordingly we propose that when this Assembly adjourns it should leave in being an Interim Committee with these four major substantive functions:

FIRSTLY, to consider matters in relation to the maintenance of international peace and friendly relations among nations which may be listed with the Secretary-General for inclusion on the agenda of the next regular session.

"SECONDLY, the Interim Committee would be available to discharge 'follow through' functions.

"THIRDLY, it would enable the General Assembly to make recommendations regarding general principles of co-operation in the maintenance of international peace to initiate studies for the purpose of promoting international co-operation in the political field.

"FOUTHLY, the Interim Committee would study and report to the next regular session of the Assembly on the advisability of establishing the Committee on a permanent basis.

"Thus it would not study or deal with any dispute which at the time was on the agenda of the Security Council.

"Also our proposal stipulates that the Interim Committee shall not encroach upon the work of any Committees or Commissions set up for any particular purposes by the General Assembly or the Security Council, such as the Atomic Energy Commission."

SOVIET THUNDER.

M. Andrei Vyshinsky (Russia) in a speech studded with sarcasm attempted to tear the United States' proposal to shreds.

He said that the United States was lamenting that the 'General Assembly agenda was overcrowded and this was given as an excuse for setting up the Interim Committee. 'But then why did the United States put on the agenda the Korean problem, which has no place there? Why did other delegations push the problem of the Italian Peace Treaty on the Assembly agenda?"

Establishment of the proposed Committee would be "a flagrant violation of the Charter and amounts to an attempt to circumvent unanimity of the great powers."

BY PASSING SECURITY COUNCIL

M. Vyshinsky accused the United States of trying to set up a body which would work alongside the Security Council with greater powers than the Council itself. "It would leave the Security Council as an empty shell, high and dry", he said.

'The American proposal was elaborated after all attempts to liquidate the big power veto had failed. It was obvious to all, he declared, that the United States was trying to bypass the Security Council, which it found impossible to turn into "a tool of those who are pursuing aims contrary to the United Nations. The United States is trying to give the committee unlimited power — more power even than the Security Council has."

M. Vyshinsky said: "The Soviet Union opposes the United States proposal, which is a flagrant violation of basic Charter principles and can only draw the United Nations downhill to destruction."

CHARGE AGAINST DULLES

The United Press of America report adds:— Charging Dulles with being a war-monger, Vishinsky shouted: Dulles did not dare say that in a house where someone hanged himself you do not talk about the rope. Playing with fire....by responsible people in forming the policy of nations like the United States is a bad business. The proposal of the United States which the delegate of Bolivia hastened to support not only fails to solve the cause our organization is out to serve, but it is likely to lead to opposite results. It is not calculated to strengthen the United Nations but to weaken it. It will weaken the forces which are opposing the evil tendencies of the war-mongers. Then there will be no more obstacles to establishing a pile of lies and propaganda aiming at a new war. The Soviet delegation believes that any weakening of the United Nations under present conditions is to help the new warmongers.

"Dulles forgot this or else did not dare speak about it. First Marshall and then another United States representative indicated that the proposal for an Interim Committee is based on a consciousness of the problems in the purview of the General Assembly, but a paradoxical situation arises".

BOLIVIAN SUPPORT

Bolivian delegate Durels who said: "It was about time for some delegate to offer a proposal to allow the General Assembly to prove its dynamism. I thank the United States for the proposal and wish to announce my delegation's support of it. The United Nations has been in existence 18 months and we have witnessed the ineffectiveness of a lot of organs of the United Nations. The Security Council has given a spectacle of itself through quarrels with inconclusive results. The terrible principle of the veto has blocked much progress and this fiasco of the Security Council unfortunately has spread to other organs".

AUSTRALIAN ATTITUDE

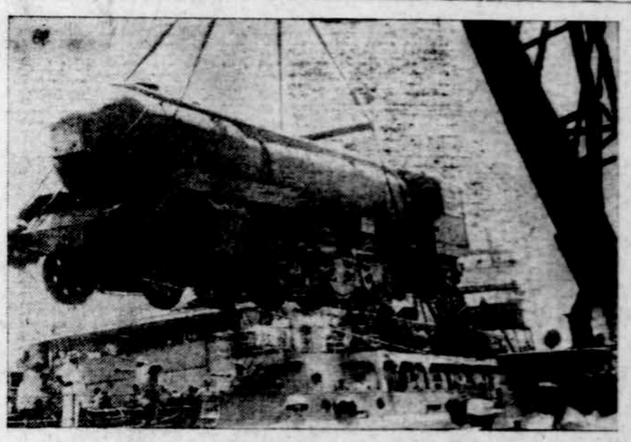
Doctor Herbert Evatt (Australian) said that M. Vyshinsky's charge that the Interim Committee would interfere with the Security Council was not supported as the American proposal made no such intention. But at the same time the General Assembly should carefully examine whether the establishment of the Committee might not weaken the Assembly.

STOP PRESS

MYSORE TO REPEAL NEWSPAPER EMERGENCY ACT

BANGALORE, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): The Government of Mysore has decided to repeal the Mysore Newspaper Emergency Act promulgated following the launching of Satyagraha.

The Act required prior sanction for starting a newspaper and Government had powers to withdraw its permission.



A view of the unloading of one of the four heavy railway engines for Indian railways which arrived in Bombay by 'Jelakethu'.

GANDHIJI TO INAUGURATE I.L.O. ASIAN REGIONAL CONFERENCE IN DELHI

Jawahar To Welcome Representatives Of Over 20 Countries On Oct. 27

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi has tentatively agreed to inaugurate the Asian Regional Conference of the International Labour Organisation on October 27, in New Delhi.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister will deliver an address on the opening day, welcoming the representatives of more than 20 countries who are expected to attend the conference, the first of its kind to be held in Asia.

Besides India and Pakistan, other Asian countries like Afghanistan, Burma, Ceylon, Malaya, Siam, China and the Philippines will participate. Australia and New Zealand will take part as member-states of the I.L.O. in the Indian Ocean area. The U.S.A. and Nepal will each send an observer. Delegates from the U.K., France, and the Netherlands will also attend the conference as metropolitan countries.

It is expected that about 400 persons consisting of delegates and advisers from the participating countries, representatives of international organisations like U.N.O., U.N.E.S.C.O. the International Monetary Fund, F.A.O., the Interim Commission of the World Health Organisation, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and the special staff deputed by the I.L.O. will assemble in the capital city.

CONFERENCE OBJECTIVE.

The object of this international conference is to aid the social and economic problems of Asian countries. India has long struggled to bring about an adequate consideration of such problems in their proper background by the I.L.O. It was however realised that unless a regional approach was made, satisfactory consideration by the I.L.O. was not possible, as the problems of Asian countries, which are industrially not so well developed, are different from those of Europe or America. With this view, Mr N. M. Joshi, workers' representative from India, first made the proposal for an Asian Regional conference nearly 20 years ago at a meeting of the Governing Body of the I.L.O. On numerous occasions after this, India's representatives urged this proposal till finally in 1945, the Governing Body agreed to hold the preparatory Asian Regional Conference in India.

On the agenda of the conference, problems of social security occupy the first place. Labour policy in general, enforcement of labour measures and a programme to enforce social standards in consonance with the International Labour Code are some of the other subjects for discussion.

India-Pakistan Unity Front

LONDON, Oct. 14. (U.P.A.): The newly formed India-Pakistan Unity Front has seized the unique opportunity of celebrating the Hindu and Moslem festivals Dasahera and Id-ul-Zuha with a joint meeting at Caxton Hall on October 24 when both events are.

This rare coincidence has been afforded to the newly formed organisation to demonstrate the united efforts of Hindus, Moslems, and Sikhs to effect a United India for the cessation of communal strife.

Both Indian and Pakistani High Commissioners have been invited to Friday's meeting which is to have as its chairman the Moslem Patnan, S. B. Khan, from the N. W. Frontier. Indian and Pakistan womenfolk are attending and they will distribute rakhi intertwined with yellow and green ribbon symbolising Hindu, Moslem and Sikh fraternity.

The India-Pakistan Unity Front issued a manifesto to-day saying, "the Front is non-political.... in the interests of all that is good and great in our beloved motherland we invite all to join immediately and play their rightful part in the noble task. Anyone believing in the necessity of unity and co-operation between the various peoples of India and Pakistan can join."

The pamphlet said that the Punjab events are a warning that the effects of British rule had not disappeared. It said that "unless goodwill and harmony is reestablished there will be no peace for the motherland and all hopes of progress and prosperity will be reduced to dust."

It added that the Front would work for the "reunion of the sister states in an Indo-Pakistan Confederation of free people."

Negro Charges Against U.S.

Document Creates Stir In United Nations Circles

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 14 (U.P.A.): United Nations Secretary General Trygve Lie's Office said the document presented the United Nations charging United States' discrimination against Negroes and other minorities cannot be debated until one or more members of the United Nations sponsors it.

The 154-page document was presented by the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People whose spokesman said it would seek redress in the United Nations for N.A.A.C.P. plans caused a considerable stir in the United Nations and provoked speculation that Russia, India or, possibly Haiti, might sponsor the charges. This would mean a public airing of the faults of American democracy at a critical time in a United States bid for strength as the leader of world democracy. The document charges that about one-tenth of the 140,000,000 people in the United States are deprived of basic human rights due to colour. It particularly hits at conditions in the Southern States.

STOP FRATRICIDE AND GET NEAR EACH OTHER

Mahatma Calls On People To Make India A Great Power

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi in his post-prayer speech reported to the audience that he had received more blankets during the day. Two teachers and some students from Arya Samaj girls' school had brought him some money and Blankets. But what pleased him more than the gifts was the teacher's report that having read Mahatma Gandhi's appeal about food control in which he had suggested a fortnightly fast to save food so that no deficiency in supply might be felt for want of import of foodstuffs from outside, the teachers and girls had decided to fast every Thursday. They had also decided to grow whatever food they could in their garden. If all followed that example the problem of food shortage would be solved in no time.

The Charge D'Affaires of Iran and his wife came later and brought a large number of blankets which he gratefully received.

Many Sikh friends had seen him during the day. They came in two Batches. He had long talks with them. The substance was that they could get nowhere by fighting amongst themselves. Whatever action was possible must be through the respective Governments.

NO AGITATION AGAINST GOVT.

The Government had arrested some people and there was an agitation against the arrests. The Government had a right to make arrests. Their Government could never arrest innocent people deliberately. But human beings were apt to err and it was possible that some innocent people might suffer by mistake. It was for the Government to rectify such error. People in democracy should be satisfied with drawing the Government's attention to mistakes, if any. They could remove the Government if they wished to. But they should not obstruct them by agitating against them. Theirs was not a Foreign Government having a mighty army and navy to support them. They had to derive their strength from the people.

TIT FOR TAT NOT CONDUCIVE TO FRIENDSHIP

How could real peace be established? They might feel pleased that peace appeared to have returned to Delhi. He could not share the satisfaction. Hindus and Muslims had become estranged from one another. They used to fight in the past, too. But it lasted a day or two and then everybody forgot all about it. Today they had become so embittered that they felt as if they had been old enemies. He called that feeling weakness. They must shed it. Then alone could they become a great Power. They had two choices before them. They could become a great Military Power or if they followed his way, they could become a great non-violent and invincible Power. In either case the first condition was the shedding of all fear.

The only way to get near each other was that each must forget the mistakes of the other party and magnify its own.

He recommended it to the Muslims as he had to the Hindus and Sikhs with all the force at his command. Enemies of yesterday could become friends of today, provided they made a clean breast of their guilt. The policy of tit for tat was not conducive to friendship. If they would act up to his advice wholeheartedly, he would be able to leave Delhi and follow his mission in Pakistan.

Junagadh Arms 'Visitors' From Pakistan

QUESTION OF REFERENDUM STILL HANGS FIRE

Revealing Statement On Coercive Tactics On Mongrol

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Over 800 "visitors" are reported to have recently arrived in Junagadh from Pakistan. They made the trip mostly in country crafts and the majority of them are ex-servicemen. They have since been armed by the state and besides, there has been a general release of criminals from the State prison according to information reaching Delhi.

Meanwhile Government of India, it is understood, have not so far received any reply from the Pakistan Government to the Note they had send seeking an immediate and unqualified Referendum under impartial auspices in the State. It is believed, as a general rule, most of the communications which the Government of India had addressed to the Pakistan Government were unanswered except for a very few exceptions. There appears to be, according to observers only two courses open to resolve the Junagadh deadlock, namely, for the Pakistan Government to treat the Instrument of Accession which the Nawab had entered into, as null and void or to hold a Referendum without further delay. It is now learned that till August 15 Government of India had little doubt of Junagadh acceeding to the Indian Dominion. In fact an official announcement which appeared some months earlier in the Junagadh State Gazette categorically repudiated suggestion that the State might join the future Pakistan. The Constitutional Adviser to the State who attended the Crown Representatives' Conference with the Rulers early in August took a copy of the Draft Instrument of Accession to the State and he had since been dismissed.

Soon after it became known that the State had acceeded to Pakistan, it is understood, Government of India informed Karachi of the impropriety of the Accession as it clearly violated the principle of geographical contiguity which was recognised as the first criterion for the Accession of any State to the respective Dominions. It is pointed out in this connection that because of the observance of this principle Government of India made no approach to Bhawalpur event though the economic life of the State wholly depended on the canal from the East Punjab.

There was no reply from the Pakistan Government and after nearly a month, it is understood Government of India made a second representation to Karachi pointing out that if the Nawab was not willing to agree and abide by the verdict of a Referendum, Government of India could not be expected to acquiesce in any arrangements he might enter into with Pakistan.

MONGROL COERCED INTO ACCESSION TO PAKISTAN

Meanwhile certain other States such as, Babriawad and Mongrol which Junagadh claims as its vassals but which, it is contended, are no more vassals because their subordinate position in the past was the result of an Agreement imposed by the Crown and with the lapse of Paramountcy such Agreements also lapsed, acceded to the Indian Dominion. Interesting details are now available of Mongrol's accession to both India and Pakistan. It appears when Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary of the States Department, visited Junagadh last month, the Sheik of Mongrol visited him and readily signed the Instrument of Accession with the assurance that he would no more be dubbed as a Subordinate of Junagadh but a free man who had voluntarily acceded. The assurance was given and the document was signed and Mr. Menon left for Bombay. According to information available here, within an hour of the Sheikh signing the Instrument of Accession (and Mr. Menon had left) the Sheikh found himself covered by guns and in the custody of Junagadh troops. He promptly signed an Instrument of Accession to Pakistan and attested his signature to a telegram to the States' Department, Delhi, cancelling his Accession. Since then Pakistan is believed to have represented to Delhi that Mongrol's Accession to India was not valid.

The objection was also extended in the case of Babriawad which consists of some 50 small States.

It is learned that during the last few weeks certain unsocial elements have been busy in the area and consequently Government of India sent a small police force to Dedan, near Babriawad. Pakistan is reported to have taken strong objection to this "concentration of large troops".

Despite the recent developments the Government of India, it is stated continue to despatch foodstuffs and other essential commodities to Junagadh. Their communications are operated by India. It is learned that Sardar Abdul Rab Nishtar was due in Junagadh today presumably to make arrangements to take over the communications in the State.

The demand for holding a Referendum, it is pointed out, still hangs fire as no categorical reply has yet been received from Pakistan whose intentions in the matter are believed to be dictated by larger political considerations affecting them. The Government of India, on their part, it is stated are extremely anxious to avoid taking any steps which might lead to an inter-Dominion rupture. It is learned in this connection that till recently Pakistan was of the opinion that the question of a Referendum was entirely a matter for the Ruler and his subjects. The latest declaration by Pakistan of its "willingness to discuss conditions and circumstances in which a Plebiscite should be taken by any State or States", it is pointed out here, is not likely to solve the problem expeditiously.

TARIFF CONCESSIONS

U. S. Delegation On Prospects Of Anglo-American Agreement

GENEVA, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The United States Delegation to the International Trade Conference here said today that they thought that an Anglo-American Agreement on the question of Tariff concessions would probably be reached within the next two or three days.

SENSATIONAL ACCUSATION AGAINST GREEK PREMIER

Former Hungarian Intelligence Chief, Says Tsaldaris Was Axis Spy During War

MOSCOW, Oct. 14. (U.P.A.): 'Pravda' published a letter by Major General Uissai Ishtvan, one-time chief of Hungarian Army Intelligence and now Soviet war prisoner, charging that Foreign Minister Constantin Tsaldaris of Greece was engaged in espionage for the Axis during the war.

The letter charged Tsaldaris gave the Germans and Italians valuable information on the disposition of British land and sea forces in the Middle East. Ishtvan charged the information was transmitted through Hungary. He said his letter was prompted by publication of similar charges in the French weekly 'Lettre Francaise'.

His letter was splashed over three columns in 'Pravda' accompanied by reproductions of the first and last pages of the letter in German script.

The letter also charged Tsaldaris with sending lists and descriptions of Greek guerilla leaders enabling the Germans to act against them. Ishtvan charged Tsaldaris' contact was an Hungarian diplomat in Athens who, in the first few months of their association, paid Tsaldaris 1,500 British pounds for his information.

'Pravda' quoted Ishtvan as writing: "The Hungarian Secret Service, utilizing Tsaldaris' close connections with British military circles, received from Tsaldaris military and political secret service material about the intentions of the British. Thus in the autumn of 1943 the second section—Intelligence—of the Hungarian General Staff received from Tsaldaris spy information about the military operations of the British Navy in the Mediterranean Sea, and about the coming British landing operations in the Balkan Peninsula, namely Greece and Albania. This espionage information of undoubted interest was handed over by me to the Italian and German General Staffs for corresponding utilization.'

He said that in the spring of 1942 Tsaldaris provided information on the disposition and supply routes of guerillas which turned out to be correct. In the autumn of 1943, Ishtvan charged, Tsaldaris gave details of the concentration of resistance forces and offered information on the amount of aid the British were giving General Xervas, one of the guerilla leaders.

NO EGYPTIAN TROOPS ON PALESTINE BORDER

CAIRO, Oct. 14. (Reuter): An Egyptian Ministry of Defence spokesman tonight denied a newspaper report that 10,000 Egyptian Army troops had moved to El Arish an Egyptian town on the Palestine border. The report appeared in the Cairo evening newspaper "Al Balagh".

Bradman To Captain South Australia In First Match

QUESTION OF COMPLETE COVERING OF WICKETS BEING DISCUSSED

ADELAIDE, Oct. 14 (Reuter): Don Bradman will Captain the South Australia Team which opposes India here in a match starting October. 24.

S. Australian Team

The full South Australian team playing against India will be:—

Don Bradman (Captain), Bruce Dooland, Ron A. Hamence, Ron James, Reginald J. Craig, Jeffrey Noblet, A. Neihuus, Philip Ridings, Rowland W. Vaughton, Norman Oswald, Kevin Oneill, Ross Stanford (twelfth man).

AUSTRALIAN TEAM

PERTH (West Australia), Oct. 14 (Reuter): West Australian selectors were compelled to rely largely on last season's form in the choice of their team to meet India in the opening match of the tour next Friday. The team is: Keith Carmody (Captain), Lawrence Bandy, A. Barras, Kenneth Cumming, Alan Edwards, Morgan Herbert, Gwen Kessey, Thomas ODwyer, Charles Puckett, George Robinson, David Watt. Twelfth man: Thomas Outridge.

Nine of these players appeared against the M.C.C team last year, the newcomers being Carmody and Bandy.

The main attack will consist of Puckett and Cummings, medium-fast seam bowlers, O'Dwyer left-hand slow spinner, Herbert, right-hand slow spinner, Bandy, right-hand medium. Edwards and Barras are stock reinforcements.

Puckett was the State's most successful bowler against the M.C.C. last October and as a result was invited to play for the Combined Australian Eleven preceding the first Test.

HOURS OF PLAY

The match against the Indians will be a four-day affair and by agreement hours of play starting here on Friday, October 17, will be 11-30 a. m. to 5-30 p. m.

Throughout the tour, the new ball may be requisitioned by the fielding side every 40 overs or every 200 runs in accordance with the new cricket law.

Heavy showers early in the morning again precluded practice on the ground and the players took advantage of the indoor school where they batted and bowled on coir matting pitch. A felt strip under the mat made conditions less artificial.

QUESTION OF COVERING OF WICKETS

The question of the complete covering of wickets during matches other than Tests in the current Indian cricket tour of Australia is being discussed by the Australian Board of Control and Mr. P. Gupta, Manager of the Indian Team. Last season Walter Hammond, on behalf of the Marylebone Touring Team, acceded to an Australian request to completely cover wickets in the event of rain and Australia included a similar suggestion as a clause when submitting playing conditions for the tour to the Indian Board of Control. India, however, advised Australia by cable and a letter prior to the Team's departure that it totally opposed the complete covering which is a contravention of Cricket laws. But the Australian Board has assumed that the Indians will accede to the request. Mr. Gupta declined to comment at present except to say that the matter is now one of correspondence which is confidential between the Board and himself.

Australian players are practically unanimous that a complete covering of the wicket is detrimental to the game.

KENNERLEY'S BANGALORE PROGRAMME

Week's Exhibition Matches Arranged

BANGALORE October 14. (API): Kingsley Kennerley, ex-amateur British billiards champion, now turned professional, is visiting Bangalore in the first week of November when one week's exhibition matches will be arranged. K. M. Mullick, Assistant Secretary of the All-India Billiards Association, flew to Bangalore from Calcutta yesterday to make arrangements.

Kennerley will be in Bombay by October 18 and after visiting Madras 'en route' will reach Bangalore early in November.

It is learnt according to present expectations, he will play here against Hirjee (Calcutta), national Billiards Champion T. Selvaraj (Bangalore) runner-up, in the National championship this year. C.C. James (Bangalore) South Indian Champion and Freer (Madura) another well-known player.

Mullick also had discussions on the question of establishing a Mysore State Billiards Association which would be affiliated to the All-India Association.

Possibility Of "Opposition Olympiad"

Russians Renovating German Sports Plants

LONDON, (UPA): THE POSSIBILITY OF AN OPPOSITION OLYMPIAD" BEING ORGANIZED IN EASTERN EUROPE BY THE SOVIET SPORTS AUTHORITIES, WAS HINTED AT BY ACE SPORTS WRITER J. F. McDERMOTT, WRITING IN THE BRITISH SPORTING CHRONICLE RECENTLY.

McDermott said that although President of the International Amateur Athletic Federation Lord Burghley had returned from his recent visit to Moscow confident that the Russians were really enthusiastic about entering the Olympic competition, the 1948 Games were approaching rapidly and there was still not the slightest indication that Soviet Officials were attempting to form a national Olympic Committee—the first essential to Olympic participation.

At the same time, McDermott said, there were reports that the Russians are organizing full scale sports meets on Olympic lines in the Soviet zone of Germany. They were even said to be providing timber and building materials towards the reconstruction and renovation of German sports plants, he said.

Now there has been an announcement that the Soviet winter athletics will be run on full Olympic lines. If that was an indication that Russia really intended to take part in the 1948 Olympics it was hard to understand why the Soviet officials did not go ahead with arrangements to secure a Olympic invitation.

'Some thing the delay may indicate a Soviet policy of competitive sports development in Eastern Europe", McDermott said 'and it is hinted that the Russian Winter Games and the revival of German athletics may be part of this policy".

The 'Sporting Chronicle' scribe pointed out that the I.A.A.F., had agreed at its meeting in London last June, to permit the Russians to start with a clean sheet as far as questions of Olympic amateur status were concerned. But it did not appear as if Soviet officials were very eager to take advantage of this magnanimous gesture.

It would appear that the Russians had promised to consider the position and would probably accept the international ruling", McDermott said. "Yet it is obvious that this would mean almost complete disruption of the Soviet sports set-up.

"Even though the Russians like the United States, take a realistic view of international sporting successes, it is likely that there will be considerable opposition to any change". Mcdermott went on. "Largely controlled by the trades unions and similar bodies the Soviet athletic system has never recognized the distinction between professional and amateur"

"The Trade Union Sports Society backs its members, and the greater the ability of the Russian athlete, the greater his chances of running or riding. Under the grading system he is always matched with athletes of his own class and as he reaches the top becomes a 'Master Athlete'"

McDermott said that if however, the Soviet officials were prepared to forsake this system to enter the London Olympics, they undoubtedly would prove a real threat to the expected United States and Scandinavian supremacy, particularly in the women's branch of the Games.

BENGAL CENTRAL BANK LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: 86, CLIVE STREET, CALCUTTA.

BOMBAY BRANCH: 10, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 2,00,00,000
ISSUED AND SUBSCRIBED..... Rs. 75,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 74,43,132
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 17,00,000

ALL KINDS OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

BRANCHES

CALCUTTA. Lal Bazar Road, Shambazar, Maricktola, Jorasanko, Burrabazar, Bowbazar, Bhowanipore, Howrah, Salkia.
BENGAL. Dacca, Narayanganj, Rangpur, Bogra, Behrampore, Pabna, Bankura, Krishnagar, Nabadwip, Jalpaiguri.
BIHAR. Patna, Gaya, Ranchi, Upper Bazar (Ranchi), Hazaribagh, Kodarma, Giridih, Purulia.

NORTHERN INDIA: Benares, New Delhi,
WESTERN INDIA: Bombay.

FOREIGN AGENTS:

LONDON .. Midland Bank Limited.
NEW YORK .. National City Bank of New York.
AUSTRALIA .. Bank of New South Wales.
NEW YORK .. Chase National Bank of the City of New York

B. SANJIBAN BANERJEE, Bombay Branch Manager. Telephone No 34867.
Mr. J. C. DAS, Managing Director

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS

'ZEPHROL' THE M&B cough syrup FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS

MAY & BAKER

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Bombay's Hockey Season To Begin On November 1

(By J. C. MAITRA.)

The elections to the Managing Council and the Organising Committee of the B.P.H.A are now over. Three of the old stalwarts have made their exit and they are S. H. Mehta, C. E. Rodrigues and K. S. Lynn. The old Secretary, M. J. Vakil had tried to re-enter the Committee, but failed. The new members are G. L. Dique, E. J. N. Baria, T. A. Adams, F. Saldanha and D. V. Chopra. It will thus be seen that most of the old members, including office-bearers, have retained their seats. So there is no dearth of experience in the Committee. All that is necessary is management of the affairs of the Association in a business-like manner.

Naval Tata, the energetic President of the B.P.H.A. has lost no time in putting everything on proper footing.

SEVERAL SUB-COMMITTEES.

The Committee as a whole is rather unwieldy with 25 members on it. Several Sub-Committees like the Ground, Tournament, Finance, Selection and Hospitality Committees have been formed to carry on their respective duties in an efficient manner.

As the stability of the Association depends chiefly upon its financial position, the President himself has taken up the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee. The ground and stands affairs have been entrusted to Erach Baria, who as an architect and engineer knows his job thoroughly.

The Selection Committee will be presided over by no less a person than Dique, the old Olympic star of the Customs. Mrs. Lorna Reid will look after the hospitality side of the visiting teams, while the writer has been asked to take charge of the administration of the tournaments.

PUBLIC RELATIONS.

Besides the above, two Public Relations Officers in the persons of the President and a Vice-President have been appointed. This has not been done, as some people are inclined to believe, with a view to dish out yarns and publicity stories to the press, to embellish the management. The idea is to keep good relations with the Fourth Estate, to listen to their grouse, if any, and try to remove them. The usual publicity of the activities of the Association will remain as usual in the hands of the Honorary Secretary and the Manager. It is fully realised by the Committee that without the whole-hearted co-operation of the press, nothing can succeed in the modern world.

AT OLD VENUE THIS SEASON.

As far as I am aware, the B.P.H.A. will have to continue its activities at the old venue this season. Where they will be shifted next, the Government alone knows. We hope, however, that the Association will be given a plot where they can put up at least semi-permanent stands and have an office and dressing rooms. This annual drain of public money must be stopped at all costs. The Ground Committee is busy already preparing its plans for the coming season.

I have no doubt the Finance Committee will see to it that there is no repetition of last season's mess in respect of tickets etc.

AGA KHAN AT CHURCHGATE?

The season will have a heavy programme. In addition to the B. P. H. A.'s own tournaments, the National Championships for men and women will also be staged here. So the Tournament Committee will have a busy time in working out the details in a systematic manner.

It has been suggested that the Aga Khan tournament may also be held at the Association ground instead of at the Azad Maidan. The substantial reason for this change is the heavy cost of putting up stands at two places. I do not know if the Bombay Gymkhana would agree to it on sentimental grounds. But having regard to the fact that it has been staged elsewhere in the past. I do not see any reason why they should agree to run it at Churchgate. It will save them much money.

Bangalore Club Wins Jamunabai Cup

MADRAS, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): The Anglo-Indian Sports Club from Bangalore annexed the trophy in the Jamuna Bai Cup ladies' Hockey tournament today when they defeated Shamrocks "A" by one goal to nil in the replayed finals.

W. I. F. A. Defeats Bihar In All-India Football

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): W.I.F.A. defeated Bihar by five goals to one this evening in the All-India Inter-Provincial Football Championship.

C. C. I. NINTH ANNUAL SWIMMING GALA

The Cricket Club of India will stage its Annual Swimming Gala on Sunday, 2nd November, 1947 at 9 a.m. at the Club's Swimming Pool. Entries close on Friday, 24th October, 1947 at 5 p.m. and the programme will consist of the following twenty events:—

1. 100 Yards Freestyle Championship of Western India (Men) Open.
2. 100 Yards Back Stroke (Men) Open.
3. 100 Yards Breast Stroke (Men) Open.
4. 200 Yards Breast Stroke (Men) Open.
5. 400 Yards (16 lengths) Freestyle Championship of Western India (Men) Open.
6. 75 Yards Medley (Men) Open (one length each Breast Stroke, Back Stroke and Freestyle).
7. Plain Diving Championship of Western India (Men) Open.
8. Inter-Club Relay (Teams of four, two lengths per man).
9. Inter-Services Relay (Team of four, two lengths per man).
10. 100 Yards Freestyle (Men). (Confined to Club Members).
11. 100 Yards Freestyle Championship of Western India (Women) Ope
12. 100 Yards Breast Stroke Championship of Western India (Women) Open.
13. Plain Diving Championship of Western India (Women) Open.
14. 100 Yards Freestyle (Boys under 16).
15. 50 Yards Freestyle (Boys under 14).
16. 50 Yards Back Stroke (Boys und 14.)
17. 50 Yards Breast Stroke (Boys under 14.)
18. 50 Yards Freestyle (Girls under 16.)
19. 50 Yards Freestyle (Girls under 12.)
20. 50 Yards Breast Stroke (Girls under 12.)

Entry forms and all other information pertaining to the Gala will be available from the Club's office.

TIMES TABLE-TENNIS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first and second rounds of the first and second quarters of the Men's Singles were decided this evening. Results, generally speaking worked out according to form and there were no surprises of note.

MADRAS MINISTERS TO FLY TO DELHI

Consultation With Parliamentary Board On Zamindari Bill

MADRAS, Oct. 14 (A.P.I.): Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, Premier, Dr. P. Subbaroyan, Home Minister, and Mr. Kala Venkatarao, Revenue Minister, have decided to fly to Delhi on October 20 to consult the Congress Parliamentary Board on various issues raised in connection with Zamindari Abolition Bill.

There is a move from a section of the members of the Madras Congress Legislative Party to refer the entire question of Inam lands to an Expert Committee for further investigation and to proceed for the present, with Legislation for abolition of Zamindaris only. The question is likely to be discussed at the Congress Party meeting to be held on October 19.

Mr. Kala Venkatarao, Revenue Minister, referring to the question of inclusion of Inam lands in the Zamindari Abolition Bill in an interview today said:

"I am prepared to abide by the decision of the party whatever it is."

LUCKNOW, Oct. 13. (A.P.I.): The Lucknow Remnants eliminated by four goals to nil, I.E.M.E. Allahabad in the second replay of their match in the Indian Football Challenge Shield this evening.

AMBICA AIR LINES LTD.

ANNOUNCING

Kathiawar Air Express

Inaugurating DAILY SERVICE

BOMBAY-RAJKOT-MORVI

On 27th October, 1947

TIMINGS

08.00	Dep.	BOMBAY	Arr.	13.50
09.50	Arr.	RAJKOT	Dep.	12.00
10.20	Dep.	RAJKOT	Arr.	11.30
10.40	Arr.	MORVI	Dep.	11.10

CITY BOOKING OFFICE:

N. M. Wadia Building, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Phone: 34863. Aerodrome: 86358.

FLY YOUR FREIGHT

FOLLOW NATURE'S LEAD

PROVIDE FOR THE FUTURE

Not knowing what time may bring Mr. Squirrel lays up provision for possible rainy days to come—a sound arrangement by which a tiny sacrifice NOW means permanent security right through the future.

And what of you? Have you made provision for yourself, your wife, your children? What would happen in illness or accident? If you have made no arrangement consult ILACO today and gain peace of mind. ILACO is the eldest purely Indian Life Office; its security of 200 lacs is absolute; profits are excellent (including the unique privilege of bonus on paid-up policies), and premiums remarkably low. Conditions are liberal, with the a tomatic non-forfeiture privilege and there are policies to cover every need—Life, Endowment Marriage, Education etc. Every ILACO policy is an investment in security. Call at our office today or ask for an ILACO agent to bring you complete information.

INSURE WITH INDIA'S LEADING LIFE OFFICE

INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. ESTD. 1892

Head Office: Victoria Road . . KARACHI

Better buy CAPSTAN they're blended better

6 Annas for 10
Rs. 1-14 for 50
Plus local tax
where in force

W. D. & H. O. WILLS ★ BRISTOL ∝ LONDON

CAP. 199

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

A BOY—
yet he
became a
GREAT SOUL

PRAKAASH Pictures
tell how he achieved it in

Bhakta DHRUVA

SHASHI KAPUR, MRIDULA,
SHANTARIN, JEEVAN,
RAMESH SINHA

Director: SHANTIKUMAR

Watch for
Theatre and Date.

An EVERGREEN Release

5TH WEEK OF TRIUMPH

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Hol. Matinee at 1 p.m

Inspiring Story of a militant maid who meets her fate with courage in the eye and hope in the heart.

G. M. A. CALCUTTAWALLA
presents

GIRIBALA

Screen Adaptation of
GURUDEV TAGORE'S
MAN-BHANJAN.
Music: KAMAL DASGUPTA.
AHIN CHOWDHURI, DHIRAJ
INDRANI DEVI CHITRALEKHA

AT

OPERA HOUSE

"HOUSEFULL"

Read These Letters At

Daily 4-30,
6-45, 9-30 CAPITOL

For HIND PICTURES

ABIDAH

Directed By: NAZIR

Starring: SWARNALATA
and KUMAR

6th Housefull Week!

MANGAL'S Marathi Musical

JAI MALHAR

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m

MAJESTIC

Opening On FRIDAY, 17th Oct.,
Don't Fail To See & Hear—
KANANBALA
in
M. P. Productions' Musical—
In The Wake Of "JAWAB",

TUM aur MAIN

With CHHABI BISWAS & Others—

LAMINGTON

(Advance Booking:— 10 to 11-30
& 4-30 to 6 p.m.)
Daily:— 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holidays at 1-15 p.m.

NEW WEST END

Daily: 3-30 6-30. 9-30
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 &
4 to 6

RANJIT'S

CHHEEN
LE
AZADI

4th WEEK

Full Length
Comedy Of
Munshi
Urdharchand

SHIKARPURI

Starring: SHAMIM, A. SHAH.

SUPER

A Sunrich Release.

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

From FRIDAY!

CITY LIGHT

---Matunga (B. B.)---

PRABHAT'S Super Hit

LAKHARANI

DURGA KHOTE, SAPRU,
MONIKA

Last 2 Days

KRISHNA ARJUN YUDH

and B. M. VYAS in
ON FRIDAY 17th
9-30 A.M.
On Sat. 18th 9-30 a.m.

IT'S SO EASY TO PITY HER—

—BUT ALL SHE CRAVED FOR
WAS LOVE—DID SHE GET IT?

ALL-INDIA PICTURES' Unusual Drama

DOLI

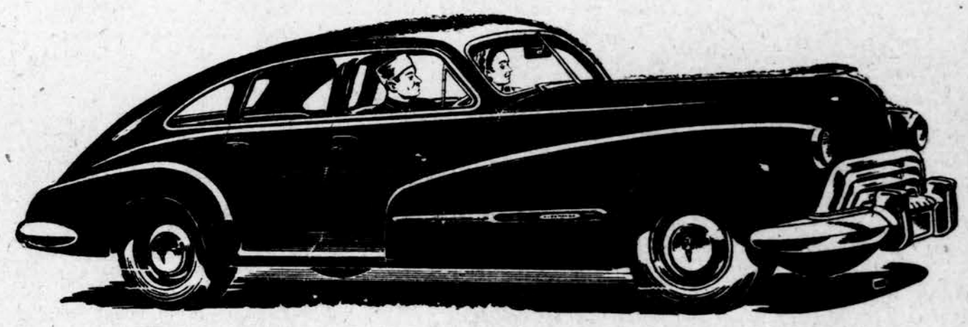
Producer:
P. N. ARORA
Direction:
S. K. OZA
A 'FAMOUS' Release

Starring: WASTI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI,
SUSHIL KUMAR, MADHURI,
SHASHI (A NEW FIND) & JAYANT

WATCH FOR DATE & THEATRE

SERVING INDIA'S TRANSPORT NEEDS FOR ALMOST 20 YEARS FROM OUR FACTORY IN BOMBAY

It's Smart to own an Olds!



Retail Price ex plant Bombay (exclusive of Sales Tax or other tax when due) Oldsmobile Rs. 11,250/-

SMART is the word for the 1947 Oldsmobiles. Inside, outside, all the way through, these colourful style leaders reflect smart value. They are beautiful cars, with impressive advanced styling that gives a real lift to your pride. Only Oldsmobile gives you the combination of Dual Centre-Control Steering, Quadri-Coil Springing, and 4-Way Stabilization to make every mile enjoyable and comfortable. For further particulars, contact your nearest Oldsmobile dealer.

OLDSMOBILE

A PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LIMITED

SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER:

NATIONAL GARAGE LTD., WARDEN ROAD, BOMBAY. ● P. H. WADIA & SONS, RAJKOT. F. P. WADIA BROTHERS LTD., POST BOX NO. 90, AHMEDABAD. ● SANGHI BROTHERS, SIYAGANJ, INDORE. ● C. EDULJEE & CO., KAMPTEE ROAD, NAGPUR. ● INDIA MOTORS LTD., KUTCHERY ROAD AJMER.

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Ashwin Shud 1, 2003.
Muslim: Zilkad 29, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 12, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-32 a.m. Sunset: 6-17 p.m.
Hightide: 00-28, 12-25. Lowtide: 06-23, 18-39.

To-day's Engagements

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE MEETING: Today at 3 p.m.

GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. S. B. Hudlikar, of Siddhartha College will deliver a lecture on "Minerals" at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Institution, Opp. Charni Road Rly Station, Queens Road, today at 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Religion of Ritual and of Life" is the subject of a short lecture to be followed by Questions and Answers on Wednesday evening at 6-15, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

ENGINEERING ASSOCIATION OF INDIA: (Bombay Branch) Quarterly General Meeting at the Taj Mahal Hotel (Banquet Hall) at 4-30 p.m. today.

SIND HINDU SEVA SAMITI: Urgent meeting of the Managing Committee of the Sind Hindu Seva Samiti today (Wednesday) at 4-30 p.m. at (Motwane's Office).

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting at 3-55 p.m. Debate on Mr. N. C. Bharucha's resolution on the Rent Bill will be continued.

RADIO TALK: This evening (Wednesday) Mr. K. N. Joglekar, a Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc will broadcast from London on the B.B.C. on "Stockholm Conference".

SYMPOSIUM ON POET KHABARDAR: Today (Wednesday) at Mazdaznan at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Four scholars will speak—Mr. Jyotindra H. Dave on "Darshanika", Mr. Ratubhai Desai on "Rashtrika", Kavi Kolak on "Kalyanika" and Mr. J. B. Vatcha on "Bharatno-Tankar".

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association and the Saraswat Mahila Samaj Sjt. H. Shankar Rau will perform "Kirtan" in Konkani on 'Raj Vidya' today (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.), at Anandashrama Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo.

SARASWAT BRAHMIN SAMAJ: Saraswathi Maha Utsav—Mr. G. M. Laud will speak on "Freedom is here, what next?" at 6-30 p.m. Music by Mr. N. Balaji and Party at 9-30 p.m.

CHITTAGONG FLOOD AND BOMBAY REFUGEE RELIEF COMMITTEE: (President J. C. Maitra) variety programme, this evening at 7 p.m. at the Sunderbai Hall. Artists of the Indian People's Theatre Association will participate.

WHY STARVE THE VILLAGE CHAMAR?

If you believe in Harijan Seva begin with using leather goods made from start to finish by village chamars.

A.I.V.I.A., Maganvadi, Wardha.

LARGE QUANTITY OF SILVER SEIZED

About 125 lbs. of silver has been seized by the Nawabshah District Police from Seth Lekhraj, who, it is stated, was sending it out to Hyderabad for sale.

MR. SHEWAK

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. Shewak Bhojraj, Honorary Secretary, Balkan-Ji-Bari, to be a member of the Managing Committee of the Children's Aid Society, in place of Mr. P. N. Joshi, Principal, V. J. Technical Institute.

TO-DAY ON RADIO.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 15.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shankarrao Gaikwad (Shahanai) 8-45 Shankarrao Khatu & Party (Abhang aur Bhajan) 9-0 D. V. Paluskar (Dosi) 12-0 Rang-Tarang 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Classical Hits 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 Nagesh Masute (Bhimpalas) 4-40 Shaukat Ali (Thumri) 5-0 Shankarrao Gaikwad (Shahanai) 5-15 Yeshwantrao Mirashi (Shree) 5-45 Topics 5-55 Local Announcements 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Nagesh Masute (Tilak Kamod) 6-30 Rasmanda: A programme of Gujarati garbigeeto 6-45 Shaukat Ali (Ghazal) 7-0 Shankarrao Khatu & Party (Abhang aur Bhajan) 7-15 Shankarrao Gaikwad (Shahanai) 7-30 Prachin Kavion Ki Jeevan Jhalkian 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavita Vanchan 8-45 Ekach Pyalyateel Chaar Themb: Themo Tisara A Marathi feature written by Raja Badhe 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 10-0 Yeshwantrao Mirashi (Eman Kalyan) 10-30 D. V. Paluskar (Miya Malhar).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Light Selection 6-15 p.m. Rural Listeners 7-30 to 7-45 As in Bombay 1 7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Ras Mandal A programme of Gujarati Garbigeeto 8-15 Nagesh Masute (Basant) 8-30 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1 9-0 D. V. Paluskar (Kamod) 9-30 Shaukat Ali (Ghazal) 9-40 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 16-10-47:—There may be a few light or very light showers in the Karnatak and the extreme south of the Konkanpatti.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—No large change.

2,000 EMPLOYEES OF N.-W. RAILWAY TRANSFERRED TO INDIA

About 2,000 employees of the North-Western Railway (Pakistan area) who had opted to serve in India, were released till the end of September '47.

The remaining employees are being transferred gradually.

WONDERFUL PREDICTIONS

1 to 3 questions Rs 4 extra As 8 each Annual Life (8 periods) Rs 5 Lasting Horoscope Rs 2 Synopsis of whole life Rs 10 Mention date place birth or writing time High credentials

VENUS ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU
Teppakulam Trichinopoly

"PUGREE" ACCUSED FINED

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Found guilty of accepting a "pugree" of Rs. 1,100 K. P. Narayan was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 350 or in default to undergo three months simple imprisonment by Mr. M. L. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today.

The accused was approached in June last by one Jagunathsai who was badly in need of accommodation. The accused who resided in Rust Building, Agripada expressed his willingness to take him up as his sub-tenant provided he paid him a pugree of Rs 1,400. After a good deal of haggling the bargain was struck at Rs. 1100.

Later police was informed and the accused was caught red-handed accepting the money.

The magistrate in his judgement said that a light sentence was called for in view of the facts that the accused was in monetary difficulties at the time of receiving the "pugree" and that he had already suffered imprisonment for nine months before his case was taken up.

NO REAL POWER TRANSFERRED

Chandernagore Leader Condemns Proposed Reforms For French Possessions

BOMBAY, Oct. 14. (UPI): An appeal to the Congressmen in India and to the Congress High Command in particular to extend their sympathy and support to the Liberation Movement of the people in the French possessions in India for asserting their right of self-determination by joining the Indian Union, has been made by Mr. S. Mullick, a member of the Liberation Committee of Chandernagore who is now in Bombay, in the course of a statement to the "United Press of India".

"Owing to the strength of popular feeling and geographical proximity of the place the position of Chandernagore is a little better than Pondicherry. In Pondicherry even the elementary rights and civil liberties are suppressed by the French authorities. The supporters of the Government, the Socialist Party of French India", Mr. Mullick continues, "have, by intimidation, succeeded in dividing the members of the Assembly resulting in their acceptance of the sham reforms which transfer no real power to the people except the right of tendering advice to the Governor. There is a sham executive council of 6 members, out of whom 3 are nominated by the Governor. Its President is the Governor himself who has the right to veto. The Government has therefore the majority in the Council and is always flouting the public opinion and suppressing the growing public opinion for merging of the French possessions in the Indian Union. The Government is taking advantage of the disturbances in India and put a barrage of propaganda to induce the people to agree to the status quo position."

Mr. Mullick adds in conclusion that the French authorities have also enforced strict censorship of news and no public meetings are allowed to be held in Pondicherry in support of the agitation for joining the Indian Union.

M. I. M. Rowjee On Rent Restriction Bill

Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, ex-Mayor of Bombay, in a statement says:—The controversy that is published in the newspapers about the proposed Rent Restriction Act, clearly shows, that the tenants are attempting to exploit the rights of the house-owners, as much as they can by calling public meetings and bringing undue pressure on the Government.

The Government must bear in mind that the Government of India Act of 1935 does not give them the authority to enact a highhanded Rent Restriction Act, but only authorises them to adjust the rights of landlords and tenants, judiciously. Any highhanded measure passed by the Government under the undue pressure is challengeable in court of law; and it may bring a great calamity on the tenants, if the proposed Rent Restriction Act is declared "ultra vires".

To avoid the aforesaid calamity, the Government should appoint a High Court Judge to adjudicate, and adjust the rights of house-owners and rich and poor tenants. On this report, the Government should frame a Rent Restriction Act without any fear or favour to anyone, as it is improper that the Government should yield to the whims of the spokesmen of tenants, and time after time should keep on proposing changes in the proposed Rent Restriction Act, which will lead the Government in the wrong box in the court of law.

CITY WOMEN'S ORGANISATIONS TO MEET

In deference to the wishes of the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Bombay Women's Distress Relief Committee has convened an urgent meeting of its general body at 4 p.m. at the Secretariat. It is proposed to discuss the question of procuring warm clothing and woollen garments for the use of refugees in East Punjab, Delhi and other places in the north.

The Committee invites all women's organisations doing social work and not represented on the Committee to send to the meeting their representatives who will be co-opted on the Committee.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, Oct. 13.

The Kalyan City Congress Committee has celebrated Gandhi Jayanti on the 11th inst. From the early morning processions of school children bearing national flags paraded the city and joined the mass Flag salutation in the Netaji Subhash Park. In the evening a public meeting was held in the Subhas Park when Mr. D. M. Jamnic and Mr. G. L. Joshi addressed the meeting.

Built to last and costs you less!

Examine it . . . . . write with it! What a NIB! Durable as diamond—yet smooth as velvet—because the nib is 14 carat solid gold and is tipped with life-time OSMI IRIDIUM. Mentmore is available in stud, lever and drop, filling types.

PRICE Rs 15!

MADE IN ENGLAND

MENTMORE
Auto-How

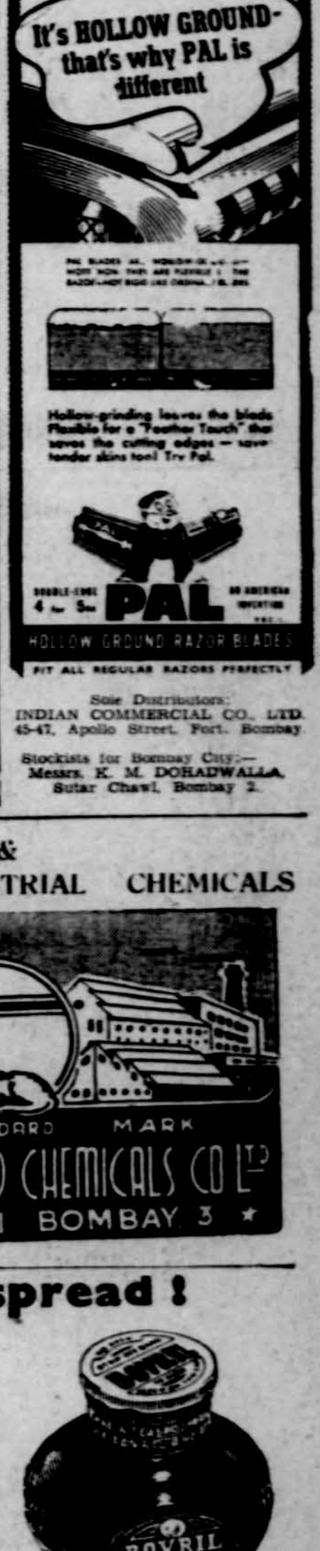
Trade enquiries to Sole Concessionaires:
MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD.,
Queens Mansions, Bastion Road, Bombay.

If You Want Peace
See To
PRITHVI THEATRES'
PATHAN
On Fri. 17th Sun. 19th
9-30 A. M.
DEEWAR
On Sat. 18th 9-30 A.M.
Royal Opera House
Plans Open-Book Now

KAMAL
TALKIES
Daily: 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
COLUMBIA PICTURES
Technicolour Picture
A THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS!
From FRIDAY
SPENISH MAIN

DR. W. C. ROY'S L.M.S.
SPECIFIC for INSANITY
ROYAPILLA
FAMOUS for 70 years.
An infallible remedy for
INSANITY, EPILEPSY, HYSTERIA, INSOMNIA, NEURASTHENIA and other mental Diseases.
S. C. ROY & CO.
167/3, Cornwallis Street,
CALCUTTA.
P. P. S.

Agents
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY
DEVKARAN MANSION,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.



Sole Distributors:
INDIAN COMMERCIAL CO., LTD.
45-47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Stockists for Bombay City:—
Messrs. K. M. DOHADWALLA,
Sutar Chawl, Bombay 2.

For TEXTILE DYES &
INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS

What a spread!

BOVRIL SANDWICHES

Bovril sandwiches are full of goodness, real appetizing goodness that restores and sustains you. They can be made in a moment, and need very little Bovril. The goodness in Bovril is so concentrated that one teaspoonful is enough for twelve, tasty, invigorating, sandwiches.

BOVRIL keeps you going

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct, 14, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on 14th October, 1947:—

Ahmedabad 95 72 0 22.3 minus 5.9, Akola 92 68 0 24.8 minus 2.6, Allahabad 92 69 0 33.1 minus 4.3, Bangalore 82 69 0 26.0 plus 3.8, Baroda 94 64 0 27.7 —, Belgaum 84 68 0 34.7 minus 7.5, BOMBAY 88 75 0 73.6 plus 5.2, Calcutta 88 76 T 55.9 plus 5.9, Cawnpore 91 67 0 40.2 plus 7.2, Colombo 85 79 0 35.8 plus 8.5, Dehra-Dun 83 62 0 94.1 plus 18.8, Delhi 90 63 0 18.4 minus 4.0, Hanamkonda 88 74 T 30.9 0, Honavar 86 74 0 147.6 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 73 0 32.1 plus 8.8, Hyderabad (Sd.) 99 69 0 3.5 minus 2.6, Jaipur 92 62 0 20.1 minus 1.5, Karachi 83 75 0 2.0 minus 4.0, Lahore nil, Lucknow 92 69 0 47.0 plus 10.7, Mahabaleshwar 78 61 0 205.1 minus 48.8, Mangalore 85 79 0 118.9 plus 5.2, Marmagao — 76 0 104.6 plus 11.9, Nagpur 89 67 0 37.3 —, Patna 99 78 T 40.1 minus 1.7, Poona 91 65 0 21.1 minus 0.6, Sholapur 92 70 0 26.3 plus 4.2, Surat 97 69 0 30.7 minus 9.3, Udaipur nil.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

POONA, Oct, 14, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Tuesday, the 14th October, 1947:—

Rainfall has been local in Assam, Bengal, Malabar, the Madras-Deccan and the North Madras Coast. A few showers have also occurred in South-East Madras.

FOBECAST UNTIL THE 15TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in Assam, south and east Bengal and local along Orissa-Circars Coast and in Malabar, south-east Madras, the south Konkan and the south Bombay-Deccan. A few showers are also likely in Mysore and south Hyderabad.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam within the next 48 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The worst sin toward our fellow creatures is not to hate them but to be indifferent to them; that's the essence of inhumanity.

—BERNARD SHAW.

The Bombay Chronicle

ADVANCE INDIAN SHIPPING

It is good news that the Commerce Ministry of the Government of India has taken in hand definite measures to build up a sizable Indian Mercantile Marine. We are told that by June 1948 the Indian Register may have about three lakh tons. But this is poor programme even for a beginning. For already we have, as pointed out by Mr. M. A. Master the other day, a tonnage of 250,000 tons gross, whereas our needs are vastly greater. It is said that while India's share of the world trade is over 3 per cent, her tonnage is less than 0.25 per cent of the world's total. The result is that we have often to depend on foreign ships to bring even urgently required food grains from abroad. We agree with Mr. Master that we require forthwith at least half a million tons of our own shipping for various over-seas routes. Indeed, this is an over-cautious estimate considering that the targets to be reached during the next five to seven years as laid down by the Shipping Policy Committee presided over by Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyer and approved by Government are 100 per cent of the purely coastal trade of India, 75 per cent of India's trade with Burma, Ceylon and other geographically adjacent countries, 50 per cent of India's distant trade and 30 per cent of the trade formerly carried in Axis vessels in the Orient.

It is true that international shipping trade is more or less a "closed shop" business, and mere possession of adequate tonnage is hardly a guarantee of admission into it. But a country like India, with a fairly large foreign trade, should not find it very difficult to have due share of over-seas shipping. It should be possible for the Government to insist, as countries like Britain and America have long been doing, that certain specific exports or imports shall be carried in Indian ships. We, therefore, welcome the report that the Government has stipulated that the 170,000 tons of cotton which India has contracted to export to Japan on a barter basis will be transported in Indian ships and that wherever possible food from abroad is to be brought in Indian ships. It should also be possible for India to join the United Kingdom Conference Line, which carries Indo-British trade, if she has adequate registered shipping.

Most encouraging is the report that, owing to foreign exchange difficulties and the large amount of capital required for private enterprise, the Government of India has decided to take the initiative in expanding Indian shipping and that as an initial step the Government is actively assisting Indian companies to acquire additional tonnage either by purchase or by new construction. Accordingly several Indian companies are already attempting to increase their capital, the Scindias, for instance, being expected to expand their capital by about 15 crores. In the present position of Indian ship-building industry, it will not be possible to have many ships built here very soon. They will have to be secured from abroad, particularly from Britain against the large sterling balances she owes to us. But both Government and private enterprise should combine to develop the ship-building industry at a fast pace. This is a supreme necessity as much in the interests of national defence as of national trade. Excellent facilities for constructing ship-building yards are available on the Western coast, particularly in a natural seaport like Karwar. The Indian shipowners have requested the Government of India to convene soon a conference where the experiences and resources of all those interested in shipping can be pooled together for the common purpose of speedily expanding Indian shipping. We trust such a conference will be convened very soon.

Late Mr. Kelkar

The death of Mr. N. C. Kelkar removes from our midst one of the foremost leaders and the foremost literary figure in Maharashtra. Mr. Kelkar began his public life fifty years ago as the right-hand man of Lokamanya Tilak, mainly in editing the famous Marathi weekly the "Kesari" and the English weekly "Mahratta". In the difficult years of the anti-Partition agitation and the Home Rule agitation during and some time after the first World War it was the statesmanship of Mr. Kelkar that enabled the "Kesari" to maintain a thoroughly radical tone and policy without bringing on it the ever-hanging Damocles' sword. But his lead to Maharashtra was not forceful enough during the great eventful years of non-co-operation, with the result that his political influence began to wane in the country. Nevertheless his political utterances and writings were a force to be reckoned with. And Gandhiji felt most at ease when in any important decision he secured the support of Mr. Kelkar. Such was Mr. Kelkar's hold on the general public life of Maharashtra that when in 1937 he retired from strenuous activities he resigned offices from over fifty institutions, social, political and educational in Maharashtra.

As an author, Mr. Kelkar will be ever remembered for his versatile genius and his meritorious contribution to Marathi literature. His books in Marathi include six plays, one historical treatise, one on Wit and Humour, one of his best works being his Life of Lokamanya Tilak. He was also a forceful writer in English, his principal works in this language being "Landmarks of Lokamanya's Life" and "Pleasures and Privileges of the Pen."

In private and public life alike Mr. Kelkar had a large circle of friends and admirers, as he was a most sincere and earnest public worker. His death will be deeply mourned by the whole of Maharashtra and by many in the country as a whole.

Sydney Webb

History will know him not as Lord Passfield but always as Sydney Webb, the architect, to a great extent, in partnership with his equally illustrious wife, Beatrice, of the socio-economic life of modern Britain. The Webbs were not only authors of economic Trade Union and social classics. Nor was Sydney, in addition, only the founder of the Fabian Society and the London School of Economics, world famous monuments to the little Civil Servant who gave up his job in response to the call of bigger and nobler things. All these achievements of his and his wife would be enough to immortalize any couple. But Sydney and Beatrice Webb are, in a very true sense, the authors and creators of the social, civic and Labour laws, which in the past forty or fifty years have changed the face of Britain and launched her into the new epoch. The Socialist Britain of to-day owes much to the Webbs; and so also do so many other democracies in the world. They can never be forgotten. But they will also be remembered for their remarkably receptive and progressive minds even in old age. How many are there, barring a few instances like that of the ever youthful colleague and collaborator of the Webbs, G.B.S., who when nearing 80 years would have appreciated and welcomed the new phenomenon represented by the Soviet State? They did more. They wrote a book which to-day remains the best classic in English on Soviet Communism.

Frankly Speaking

The Danger To U. N. O.

There is a general feeling that members of the United Nations Organisations are proving untrue to its Charter and that this Organisation, born with so much hope, has already started going the way of the League of Nations to the ultimate fate of the latter, unless its unfortunate progress in the wrong direction is effectively checked. This is proved not only by the Big Power wrangles but also by the approach of most of the member States to the problems of the more unfortunate peoples. Palestine is one instance. Another instance is supplied by the debates in the Trusteeship Committee. "Colonial" Powers are not prepared to acknowledge the authority of the U.N.O. over the territories administered by them under the U. N. trust. They openly declare that the choice of what information to submit or to withhold is a matter of their own exclusive right. There are other member States who do not even recognise an obligation to submit to U. N. trusteeship territories which they choose to reserve for their independent administration and exploitation. Resolutions against both sets of such Colonial Powers have been moved by India in the Trusteeship Committee. But whatever the decisions of U.N.O. nothing will come out of them. U.N.O. will either deny itself or be defied. That is the danger facing the Organisation. And it is a serious danger.

A Dutch Admission

Professor Schermerhorn, who was the head of the former Dutch Commission-General in Indonesia, has emphasized in a broadcast from the Hague that a solution of the Dutch-Indonesian dispute through the U. N. 3-nation Commission would not be genuine unless it was in harmony with the "great undercurrent in Asia". He is perfectly right. He is also right when he suggests mutual lack of faith and the necessity of creating such faith. But it cannot be done by trying to discount or belittle the Indonesian Republic. The Dutch have forfeited all claims to faith by politically and militarily crusading against the Republic, the Government and its leaders and by their efforts to dismember and destroy it in order to re-establish, however indirectly, their own exploiting imperialism. The Republic and its leaders represent and constitute the "great undercurrent in Asia". This is not being realised. And so long as it is ignored, so long will there be neither a solution nor peace.

No Place For Minor States

Dr. Pattabhi Says They Should Be Wiped Out

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, President of the All-India States Peoples' Conference suggested that "medium size" States, of which there were about 150 in India, should, for their future well-being, form themselves into groups, when he addressed a public meeting under the auspices of the Mysore Association here tonight.

Dr. Pattabhi said that only a few large States as Hyderabad, Mysore, Travancore, Baroda, Cochin, or Gwalior were suited for existence as self-governed individual units. In the others self-government would only be a farce. The minor States which numbered about 360 should be "wiped out", he said.

Observing that times were rapidly changing, the speaker said that Maharajas were bound to go soon. "They (Maharajas) know it better than me", he added.

15 Killed And 30 Injured

Sequel To Police Firing In Hyderabad

BEZWADA, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Fifteen persons have been killed and 30 injured seriously, as a result of police firing on a crowd on October 11 in Atmakur Samasthanam, in Mahaboobnagar District, in the Nizam's State, states a bulletin issued by the Bezwada zonal headquarters of the Hyderabad State Congress.

The bulletin estimates the number of persons migrated to Hyderabad State from adjoining Indian Union Provinces at one lakh.

COCHIN BANS PROCESSIONS NEAR LEGISLATIVE CHAMBER

ERNAKULAM, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): An order prohibiting Assembly of persons and processions on roads near and around the Cochin Legislative Chamber has been issued to prevent any demonstrations.

REPRESSION IN COOCH-BEHAR STATE

BOMBAY, Oct. 14, (UPI): In a statement to the Press Mr. Mukundalal Sarkar, Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, says that repression in Cooch-Bihar State in Bengal is going on unabated, culminating in the arrest and detention of 95 persons including professors, students and youths being either members or supporters of the Forward Bloc which is the only political organisation that exists in the State.

The repression, Mr. Sirkar adds, has penetrated into villages of the State and the authorities have cleverly manoeuvred anti-Bhatia and anti-Bengali feelings to break the solidarity of the people, especially among the students, workers and peasants. Military is patrolling regularly even in villages to terrorise the population.

Khan Of Kalat's Visit To Pakistan Capital

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 13.

Much significance is attached to the visit of His Highness Mir Sir Ahmed Yar Khan, Ruler of Kalat State, who has come here on Saturday in connection with probably the accession of his State to Pakistan.

It is learnt, Qazi Mohammed Isa, President of the Baluchistan Muslim League was specially deputed to Kalat to have negotiations with the Khan and he has also come here along with him.

Kalat which is the biggest State in the Pakistan Dominion, with an area of nearly 73,278 miles, has a very strategic position being on the border.

11 STUDENTS SENTENCED IN COOCH-BEHAR

Sequel To Movement Against Dismissal Of Professors

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Eleven student workers, including Mr. Basudev Goswami, President, and Mr. Sachin Chakraborty, Secretary of the Dinhata Students' Congress, have each been sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment by a Magistrate at Cooch-Behar in connection with the present student movement against the dismissal of one of their professors.

NO SURRENDER OF WAR CRIMINALS

LONDON, Oct 14, (Reuter): Britain has refused a request by the Albanian Government to surrender certain Albanian alleged war criminals a foreign office spokesman stated here today.

The spokesman said the accusations made by the Albanian Government were unsupported by any evidence and seemed to be directed against those who were opposed to the present regime in Albania.

As most of the alleged Albanian war criminals mentioned in the Albanian note were at large in Italy, Britian could in any case take no responsibility for them. This was a matter for the Italian Government.

BOMBAY GOVT. TAKES SERIOUS VIEW OF SATARA MURDER

Premier Kher's Feeling Reference To Services Of K. D. Patil

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Oct. 14.

DURING THE PAST TWO YEARS THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY HAS SPENT A SUM OF RS. 1,20,60,000 BY WAY OF SUBSIDIES TO AGRICULTURISTS. THIS WAS REVEALED BY MR. M. P. PATIL, MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, REPLYING TO A NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING THE REPEAL OF THE BOMBAY GROWTH OF FOOD CROPS ACT, IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, TO-DAY.

THE RESOLUTION, WHICH WAS MOVED ON THE LAST NON-OFFICIAL DAY BY MR. AHMED A. PATEL WAS WITHDRAWN.

EARLIER MAKING A REFERENCE TO THE UNTIMELY DEATH, IN TRAGIC CIRCUMSTANCES, OF MR. K. D. PATIL, M.L.A., WHO WAS MURDERED IN HIS VILLAGE ON SUNDAY MR. B. G. KHER, PRIME MINISTER, ASSERTED THAT NO STONE WILL BE LEFT UNTURNED, NO EFFORT SPARED TO TRACE THE OFFENDERS RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS DEATH.

A RESOLUTION PLACING ON RECORD ITS DEEP SENSE OF SORROW AT HIS DEATH AND EXTENDING HEARTFELT SYMPATHY TO HIS FAMILY WAS PASSED BY THE ASSEMBLY, ALL STANDING.

THE HOUSE ALSO DEBATED, TO-DAY, A NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTION MOVED BY MRS. LILAVATI MUNSHI, RECOMMENDING THE PROVISION OF HOSTELS FOR LADY STUDENTS ATTACHED TO COLLEGES.

SATARA SITUATION

At the outset, the Premier speaking of the late Mr. K. D. Patil, expressed deep sorrow that his career was cut off at its very beginning.

The years that followed 1942 in Satara were very eventful, and there was a considerable amount of underground and sabotage activity there. Some talukas in that District were not particularly distinguished for peaceful ways of life. Old fueds and vendetta had become a feature of life there. The Government was doing its best to establish peace. It was hoped that the peace which prevailed in the district during the last four or five months was genuine and had come to stay. But that was not to be.

The District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police had been asked to proceed to the village at once. The Inspector-General of Police also was going there.

LATE MR. PATIL

Eulogising Mr. Patil, Mr. Kher said that he was a silent and earnest worker. It was only a few days ago that he made his maiden speech in the House on the Primary Education Bill strongly supporting the Local Bodies. That maiden speech turned out to be his last.

The deceased had left behind his 70-year old father, his widow and four children; and to these the Premier extended heartfelt sympathies.

A. A. Khan, Leader of the Opposition, and Hon'ble K. S. Firodia, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, associated themselves with the sentiments expressed by the Premier.

AMEND GROWTH OF FOOD CROPS ACT

The House then resumed discussion on a resolution moved by Mr. A. A. Patel recommending that in order to meet the present emergent food situation the Bombay Growth of Food Crops Act, the enforcement of which had resulted in the failure of the Grow More Food Campaign, should be repealed and that further the Government of India should be moved to implement the policy of subsidising the agriculturists for growing food grains.

Two amendments had also been moved suggesting that the Growth of Food Crops Act should not be repealed but amended in various ways. Replying to the debate that had taken place on the last occasion the mover of the resolution said that the operation of the Act had adversely affected agricultural operations. The Act which was intended to push up food production by prescribing maximum areas of non-food crops and minimum areas for the cultivation had proved worse than the disease itself.

MINISTER'S REPLY

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, however cited formidable lists of figures to show that both the acreage under cultivation and the crop yield had increased in a number of districts. The overall deficit in the Province was due to bad seasons and other causes.

The Growth of Food Crops Act was now being applied in consultation with Rural Development Boards, and this year there had not been a single complaint against the operation of the Act.

As far as the claim for subsidies to agriculturists was concerned, the Minister pointed out, that the Government was giving them indirect subsidies. In recent years agriculturists had made good money and had wiped off their debts. The now defunct Commodities Price Board had come to the conclusion that there was no case for the increase of the prices of food grains.

In the light of the Minister's explanation the amendments as well as the resolution were withdrawn by the respective movers.

DEMAND FOR WOMEN'S HOSTEL

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi then moved her resolution suggesting that women's hostels should be established attached to Government colleges and also that Government should insist that such hostels should be provided by private colleges as well.

She stated that in the days gone by, it was only girls from the more well-to-do classes that went to colleges. It was possible for them to make their own residential arrangements. But with the spread of education among women girls from poorer classes also came into colleges. These however found themselves suffering under a serious handicap for want of proper hostel accommodation. Her resolution was intended to draw attention to the hardships of this class of girls.

Messrs. J. H. Shamsuddin, M. L. Jadhav, P. R. Shah, D. M. Bidkar, Hariprasad Desai, A. S. Gandhi, F. H. Dabhi, C. A. Vyas, M. C. Vakil T. S. Jadhav, Mrs. Tarabai Modak and Mrs. Sumatibai Gore spoke on the resolution the debate however being inconclusive.

PATEL'S AMENDMENT

Mr. Babubhai Patel moved an amendment seeking to restrict the scope of the resolution only to Government colleges. In support of his amendment he argued, that insistence on such a condition would impose a restrictive condition on mofussil colleges a condition which they may be unable to fulfil.

RESOLUTION OPPOSED

Mr. M. L. Jadhav and Mr. P. M. Bidkar were the only members who voiced complete opposition to the resolution. Their opposition was based on the plea that it was necessary to give high priority to primary education. They argued that the mover had her eyes fixed on the urban college girls and had no thought for women in the villages who had not even the benefit of primary education. They characterised the resolution as inopportune.

Messrs. J. H. Shamsuddin and A. S. Gandhi lent a kind of oblique support to the resolution. It appears that Mr. Shamsuddin had in a chivalrous moment agreed to support the resolution. Mrs. Munshi called upon him to stick to his promise. That gentlemen in fulfillment of his "gentleman's agreement" supported the principle of the resolution but went on to criticise the present system of education.

The reference to the system of education arose from the preamble to the resolution, which stressed the need for taking effective measures for the encouragement and growth of such education. Using the words such as a peg A. S. Gandhi wanted to go into a roving examination of systems of education.

SPEAKERS PULLED UP

But the Speaker Hon'ble K. S. Firodia insisted that as the operative part of the resolution dealt only with the question of hostel remarks should be confined to that. The Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, intervening suggested that the preamble should be amended and Mrs. Munshi stated that she had no objection to its being amended in any manner desired.

Being barred from criticising a system of education, Mr. A. S. Gandhi went on to argue that demand for separate hostels for women was an expression of a separatist tendency. As a champion of equality for women he thought that the mover should stick out for girls seeking admission to the existing hostels from which they were debarred.

MRS. MODAK'S DEFENCE

Strong defence of the resolution, however, came from Mrs. Modak and Mrs. Gore, the two lady members, who spoke on the resolution. While Mrs. Gore dwelt on the hardships of girls, particularly those attending medical colleges, who had no proper accommodation, Mrs. Modak in a fighting speech sketched how even in these advanced days the mental and physical growth of women was stunted and thwarted. She asserted that given proper opportunities women would make good and stand up to the competition of men not only in mental powers, but on the field of sports. The undoubted need to support primary education for women could be no bar to helping college girls.

AMERICAN CONSULATE OPENS IN LAHORE

LAHORE Oct. 14 (A. P. I.): The American Consulate-General in Lahore—the first to be established in Pakistan—was officially opened to-day. The American Embassy was opened at Karachi on August 15. The Consul, Mr. Richard D. Gatewood and the Vice-Consul, Mr. Charles W. Booth are the officers at present assigned to Lahore. Additional American staff are expected to arrive in the next few weeks.

"PRICE OF INDEPENDENCE IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE"

Congress President's Call To People To Strengthen Hands Of Govt.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 13, (API): "You have not yet got Swaraj, it is still to come. What you have achieved today is that Britishers and their rule has gone from the country," said Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Congress President addressing a mammoth public meeting this evening at Purshottamdas Park.

"The shackles of your bondage are broken, but you have not started moving towards the attainment of your ideal," he said. "There are still many obstacles in your way to reach your ideal. It should be, therefore, the duty of each and everyone of you to search within yourself what you have to do to reach to that ideal, swarajya or in the words of Mahatma Gandhi 'Ramrajya.'"

Acharya Kripalani said that wherever he went people complained to him that though Congress Governments had been installed in the Centre and in the provinces, corruption had not gone. Blackmarketing, hoarding, and profiteering were still going on. There was still a shortage of food, cloth and other amenities of life. What did it all mean he asked. "When we have our own Government, why are all these things not removed. It is for the people to search within themselves for all these ills and see what is the cause of them all and where in lies the remedy" the Congress President said. He added:— "We have got a legacy from the British Government and for everything we look to the Government. That is not the way of democracy. If you want Swarajya, every citizen will have to realise his own responsibility and not look to the Government. Every individual will have to search for the enemy within himself and uproot it to remove black-marketing, corruption and other evils.

PRICE OF INDEPENDENCE

"The price of independence is eternal vigilance. You have to keep eternal vigilance if you want to maintain your independence. It is your duty, therefore, to build up your character yourself, and remove the faults within you. Do not look to the Government to help you. Help yourself and give cooperation to the Government strengthen your Government"

Referring to the present communal frenzy in the country Acharya Kripalani said, retaliation by individual persons was no remedy. It was futile to think as to who, whether Hindus or Muslims started the trouble. "If Pakistan does a foolish thing, are we to follow their example and cut our noses too? Who will be the sadder for it? Only you, who will injure your faces," said the Congress President.

"If you take the law into your own hands and indulge in individual retaliation, you will weaken the hands of the Government and bring misery and loss of the country."

Acharya Kripalani recalled the services which Mahatma Gandhi was tirelessly rendering to bring about communal harmony in the country and said he was one of the practical ways to bring peace in the country. Many of you may not subscribe to it and think that to wreak vengeance on Pakistan was the only remedy", said Acharya Kripalani. "I do not say you do not take vengeance. Take it, but when and how?" They must first strengthen themselves and their Government. Then it should be left to the Government to take vengeance.

RELIGION NOT MADE BY GOONDAS

Addressing the Hindus present in the meetings, Acharya Kripalani said that many people thought that Mahatma Gandhi was the enemy of Hindus, and the Congress was letting all Hindus be killed by the Muslims. "I am a Nationalist, but I am a Hindu also," he said. "I am proud of my religion and its scriptures of tolerance, brotherhood and respect for womanhood. I take my religion from the Gita and the Upanishads. I refuse to take it from the Muslim League. If a Muslim goonda dishonours a woman, is a true Hindu to follow the example and dishonour his religion? Hindu religion was not made by goondas but by rishis and munis. How can one save Hindu religion if he follows the example of goondas".

Acharya Kripalani said that if there was any one man living today who could save Hinduism, it was Mahatma Gandhi.

Concluding Acharya Kripalani enjoined on the audience to maintain peace and strengthen the hands of the Government. He also asked them to search within themselves and uproot their own evils if they wanted to attain Purna Swarajya.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, Oct. 13.

The British Press to-day, in editorial comments, criticised the "lack of definiteness" of the American proposals for Palestine in so far as they affected the responsibility of Britain to maintain law and order in that country.

"The Times" said: "Far from giving the Committee the lead which it was entitled to expect from the persistent American criticism of Britain's handling of Palestine affairs, the U. S. again declined to assume any forthright responsibility for enforcing the policy it favours against the opposition which that policy will undoubtedly encounter."

* * *

Addressing a London audience, Mr. Sudhir Ghosh said: "Thanks to Lord Beaverbrook and Lord Rothermere and other Conservative friends, who manage the bulk of British press, you have been fed with very large doses of Indian horror stories."

The compliment to the long-known universally recognised ingenious resourcefulness of the Beavermere chefs-fery is superfluous.

* * *

Professor Mohammad Hasan, the Western Pakistan economist, warns that "the migration has already done great injustice to Muslims, and any further influx (of Muslims) from other parts of India will be totally unwelcome to them."

Couldn't be use a less inhospitable and rather ungrateful expression than "totally unwelcome"?

* * *

Senator H. M. Basner, representative for the natives of the Union Senate, was assaulted by a European when he returned to his Durban hotel after addressing a mass meeting of Indians.—Durban Report.

This is clearly a very human case of retaliation under intolerable provocation.

* * *

It is reported that the official visit of the United States Congressional Committee Mission to Baghdad has been cancelled because of the protest by the Iraq Government and people against American Government support of the plan to partition Palestine.

What an awful doom! Iraq must apologise to the U.S.A., pledge its full support to American desires, unsered and unuttered, regarding Palestine and, in fact, offer the whole of the Middle East to the United States as compensation for its (Iraq's) impertinence.

* * *

Rejecting the United States numerous awards re Palestine, a Saudi Arabian leader of the Arab League says: "It is a question of principle and not details. We are fighting the idea of a Jewish State and not bargaining for more territory."

Yes, yes, yes and all that; but why can't they appreciate that the United States, too, is inspired by noble p-p-p-principles?

* * *

By the way, the Soviet Union has come out in support of a Jewish State. That is a Russian demonstration to the United States that it, too, can play the same game: Keep Soviet East Europe clear of the Jewish nuisance and satisfy the Jews also.

* * *

According to a LAKE SUCCESS message, Russia has officially defended the New Communist "Informburo" in the United Nations declaring that the workers of the world had "perfect right" to join forces in the face of international collaboration by the world's capitalists.

Just, of course, as the Soviet Union, etc. have at the same time an equally "perfect right" to join in international collaboration with the world's capitalists in the matter of Palestine.

FEAR OF REVOLT IN AZERBAIJAN

Iranian Govt. Deporting Many Suspected Reds

TABRIZ, Oct. 14 (U.P.A.): The jittery Iranian Government fearful of a Soviet-inspired revolt in the oil-rich Azerbaijan area is deporting thousands of suspected reds to prevent the formation of a fifth column.

Scores are arrested daily and held temporarily behind a ten-foot mud wall Haj Faraj Gardens under guards, until a six-man tribunal decides whether they are guilty of attempting to undermine the Government. Already 4,000 have been transplanted to South Iran since the red hunt began early September. Police authorities estimate that 4,000 more would be deported within the next six weeks.

Officials claimed that the situation was so precarious that the strongest measures had become necessary to safeguard the border province from the threat of annexation by the Soviets through a local uprising and the establishment of a pro-Russian Government.

Police and military officials are completely confident of their ability to suppress any revolt within Azerbaijan if it is unaided by an outright invasion from Russia.

Military authorities deny the reports that hundreds of "tourists" were infiltrating across the U.S.S.R. border pointing out that strong Iran border patrols had been specially alerted to watchout for any border jumping and only a few isolated cases had been reported.

OPPOSITION TO OIL NEGOTIATION EXPECTED

TEHERAN, Oct. 14 (Reuters: Persian newspapers to-day forecast possible minority opposition to the "legality" of the negotiations between Persia and the Soviet Union on the plans for a joint Soviet Persian Oil Company to exploit the North Persian oilfields under the agreement signed in 1946 when the Red Army still occupied parts of Persia.

Commenting on the official announcement that the Persian Prime Minister, Ghavam Es Sultaneh, would submit a "detailed report" next week to the Majlis (Parliament), The papers said the attitude of the Majlis Deputies depended on whether the report was made in secret or open session.

The minority may declare the negotiations "illegal and unbinding" in view of the "Law of Mossadegh" of 1944, the papers said.

'MOSSADEGH LAW'

The 'Mossadegh Law' was the legal ban of the Persian Government's refusal to grant Russia oil concessions in 1944, when Generalissimo Stalin's special envoy visited Teheran to seek concessions in North Persia.

Juridical circles of the Prime Minister's office, however, as well as Soviet official quarters, said to-day that there was a difference between a "concession" and a "joint company." And that as no agreement was signed between the Persian Prime Minister and M. Ivan Sadchikov, Soviet Ambassador to Persia, the "Mossadegh Law" did not apply.

PLAN TO COMBAT 'LITTLE' COMINTERN

CHICAGO, Oct. 14 (Reuter): Mr. Averell Harriman, United States Secretary of Commerce and former Ambassador to Moscow, to-day outlined a four-point plan of "positive" United States action to counteract the activities of the new Communist international organisation, which he claimed was "intent on the creation of disorder in the world."

Mr. Harriman, addressing the Inland Daily Press Association, said the organisation was created as "the outgrowth of fear that their aggressive programme for taking over Europe will be forestalled by plans for European reconstruction based on the Marshall proposals".

Mr. Harriman's four-point plan was:

(1). Economic—by promoting the world economic recovery essential to the stability of free governments.

(2). Political and diplomatic—by backing up the principles of the United Nations.

(3). Military power—by strengthening adequately America's armed forces to meet all international responsibilities.

(4). Propaganda—by developing the United States Overseas Information Programme.

REGENCY FOR HOLLAND

Princess Juliana To Act For Queen Wilhelmina

THE HAGUE, Oct. 14, (Reuter). Princess Juliana of the Netherlands was this afternoon sworn in as Princess Regent to act instead of Queen Wilhelmina during the Queen's temporary retirement.

Queen Wilhelmina was not present at the ceremony. Prince Bernhard, Princess Juliana's Husband, and members of the Dutch Cabinet and Parliament attended.

Sidney Webb Dead

"The Ablest Man In England" Says G.B.S.

LONDON, October 13. (Reuter): Mr. Sydney Webb, (Lord Passfield) died at his home at Liphook in Hampshire today at the age of 88.

He consecrated the whole of his life to the study and promotion of the principles of State socialism.

Mr. Sidney Webb (Lord Passfield), leading British Socialist and at the age of 70 Secretary of State for the Colonies and the Dominions in Britain's second Labour Government, died yesterday at his nome at Liphook in Hampshire at the age of 88.

Mr. Webb, who devoted the whole of his life to the study and promotion of the principles of State socialism, was a founder of the Fabian Society in 1804. A noted economist, educated in London, Switzerland and Germany, he also held office as President of the board of trade in the first Labour Government in 1924. After the end of the second Labour Government in 1931 he never held office again.

He and his equally famous wife Beatrice Webb, after a visit to Russia in 1932 devoted the next three years to writing a 1,200—page work praising the Soviet system of Government. Not long afterwards the Webb—they always refused to use their title—retired from London to the country.

George Bernard Shaw described Mr. Webb as "the ablest man in England". With his wife, who died in 1943, he set up a partnership which turned out to be one of the most famous in the world. Together they wrote some of the world's outstanding works on socialism. Mr. Webb was the principal founder of the London School of Economics and Political Science. He was chairman of the National Executive of the Labour Party in 1922 and 1923 after entering Parliament in 1922.

A small man with a frail body and a massive head appealing to the cartoonists, the dry statistician was in private life, a kind, modest and cheery soul with a sense of humour little indicated in his professional career. He enjoyed the goodwill and respect of all parties and his vast knowledge of social and industrial matters was often of great service to the State. He probably served on more Royal Commissions than any man of his time.

No Restrictions On Wheat For Seed Purposes In Ahmedabad

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

On consideration of the representations received from the Ahmedabad District, the Government of Bombay has withdrawn all restrictions on the movement and sale of wheat and barley required for seed purposes in that district, during the period from Oct. 14, 1947 to Nov. 5, 1947, holding in abeyance the provisions of the Bombay Foodgrains (Removal and Regulation of Sale) Order, 1947 for this period in that respect.

IMPORTANT DECISION RELATING TO COMPANY LAW

An important decision relating to Company Law was pronounced by the Appellate Bench of the Bombay High Court in the suit No. 2263 of 1946 on the 7th instant, when the Appeal Court allowed with costs an appeal filed by Dhanraj Mills Ltd., against Raja Dhanrajgirji Narsingirji from the decision of Mr. Justice Bhagwati in the suit.

Raja Dhanrajgirji who was a Director of Dhanraj Mills Ltd., was charged with having entered into contracts with that Company for purchase of goods without the consent of the Board of Directors. It was therefore contended by the Company that he had ceased to be a Director of the Company. Raja Dhanrajgirji contended that it was his secretary Mr. Divetia and not himself who had entered into the contracts with the Company. He also contended that contracts which are prohibited under the Company's Act are contracts of business nature and not ordinary contracts of purchase of goods of small value.

Raja Dhanrajgirji filed a suit claiming that he was a director of the Company for life and Mr. Justice Bhagwati decided the suit in his favour on both the points namely firstly that the purchases were not his purchases but the purchases of his Secretary Mr. Divetia and secondly that the Director's disability to contract with the Company did not apply to contracts which were not of a business nature.

The Appeal Court reversed the Judgment of Mr. Justice Bhagwati on both the points and held that the purchase was the purchase of Raja Dhanrajgirji and not of Mr. Divetia and that on account of such purchase Raja Dhanrajgirji ceased to be a Director of the Company.

The Appeal Court directed Raja Dhanrajgirji to pay the costs of the suit and of the appeal.

Search For New Routes For Refugees

No Large Foot Movements Pending Agreement Between India And Pakistan

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): A military spokesman said to-day that five foot-columns of refugees totalling over 150,000 have crossed the Indian border from West Punjab in the last four days.

Trains carrying refugees are running regularly through Amritsar to Lahore without incident. Trains are also bringing refugees from the West Punjab. The two-way traffic of motor transport is also proceeding.

In Dasuya, Hoshiarpur District, the total number of refugees is now 114,000. Approximately 3,000 refugees left by train from Sodiwala, near Ferozepore, for Ludhiana. An evacuee column from Hissar, approximately 13,000 strong, entered Bahawalpur State territory on Oct. 9.

UNAUTHORISED SEARCHES.

A report by a convoy commander from Jhelum says that unauthorised searches of refugees in Jhelum continue.

A Pakistan report from Bannu says that the majority of Sikh troops and their families in the area have been evacuated by air safely.

Communications in the East Punjab are steadily being restored. The Ferozepore-Gandasinghwala Road is passable, but with difficulty. Repairs are being carried out to the Ferozepore-Moga Road. The Amritsar-Jullundur Road was reopened to vehicular traffic on Oct. 10, but the road will remain closed for four hours from 4 p.m. for maintenance. The Bein bridge on the Jullundur-Ludhiana Road is open again. The Jullundur-Hoshiarpur Road is also open again. The Jullundur-Hoshiarpur Road is also open to all traffic.

The East Bein Railway bridge has been repaired and a refugee special passed over it safely. The rail link between Jullundur and Ludhiana, which was disrupted by the recent floods, has thus been restored. The Amritsar-Khem Karn, Pathankot-Dharamsala, Ferozepore-Lahore and Ferozepore-Moga Roads are all under repair. On certain sectors these roads are open to light traffic, as diversions have been made.

GENERAL SITUATION QUIET.

The general situation in East Punjab continues to be very quiet. Villagers of Jatusana in the Gurgaon area have returned to work on their land.

Some quantity of unclaimed foodstuff has been collected from Ferozepur District and distributed among refugees.

Amritsar City continues to be quiet. On Oct. 11, a flag procession took place through the city, the 1st Bn. Dogra Gurkha Rifles, 18th Cavalry, and the police participating. The band of the Dogra Regiment was in attendance.

A refugee train at Jullundur was derailed accidentally, as a result of which, unfortunately, twenty people were killed and ten injured.

REFUGEE MOVEMENTS.

Two Bailey bridges have been constructed by Indian sappers and miners in the Jullunder area in close co-operation with the railway authorities.

Columns one to fifteen, which have crossed Balloki, are now going up to Amritsar instead of Ferozepur. There are now no refugees left in the Mangtanwala-Balloki-Manga area.

It is reported that there are 110,000 refugees in Lyallpur City and in the surrounding villages.

Yesterday 2,500 persons were evacuated by motor transport from East Punjab to Lahore. Eight thousand more were taken from Sri Govindpur to Pakistan via Dera Baba Nanak. Two thousand crossed Sutlej Bridge by road and rail through Gandasinghwala.

About 45,000 Muslim refugees escorted by Indian troops passed Dera Baba Nanak on October 10 without incident and 1,250 refugees of Gurdaspur left Qadian for Lahore by buses on October 10.

The spokesman said that the name of the officer killed in an ambush while escorting columns from Tandlianwala recently was Major Ram Singh of the Second Battalion of the Rajput Regiment.

It is understood that pending agreement on new routes, there are no large foot movements either way.

TWO CASES OF STABBING IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): This morning and afternoon were generally quiet in Delhi. Only two cases of stabbing were reported at the Police Headquarters in the Town Hall, Old Delhi.

The body of a man who had been fatally attacked near the Qutab Road bridge was taken to the Lahori Gate Police Post at 2 p.m. The Sadar Bazar police later reported that a bad character of the locality was taken by two special police officers to the police station in a precarious conditions. He died before he could be taken to the hospital.

Police patrols were strengthened in the area between Katra Reori and Billimaran where, it was reported, slight tension prevailed.

CARTRIDGES FOUND ON REFUGEES

JHANSI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): The police have recovered seven daggers and one karauli from a house in Sadar Bazar. Six residents of the house have been taken into custody.

The railway police have recovered some cartridges from a Bhopal-bound refugee. He has been arrested.

PASSENGERS ATTACKED IN RUNNING TRAIN

KARACHI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): Five passengers aboard the Bombay mail were attacked near Tando Allayar 'en-route' to Hyderabad (Sind) and thrown out of the running train yesterday evening. The train was, however, stopped and the injured passengers were taken to the Hyderabad hospital. Their condition is reported to be serious.

"CARNAGE IN SIND"

BOMBAY, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): Mr. Parsram V. Tahilramani, M.L.A., Secretary of the Sind Assembly Congress Party, in a press statement issued here to-day asserts that there has been "carnage in Sind to some extent".

Referring to the recent statement by six prominent leaders of Karachi, denying that "there is anything like a carnage in Sind", Mr. Tahilramani says: "It is astounding and disconcerting that prominent persons should blink at facts".

Quoting "just a few" of the instances, Mr. Tahilramani states that nearly 400 persons were killed in Nawabshah District of Sind last month; a branch line train was derailed between Nawabshah and Mirpurkhas towards the end of August and passengers were fired at, resulting in 20 deaths and several injured; over 50 persons were stabbed in running trains and many were injured when thrown out of trains in one month.

"If this is not carnage, what is it", Mr. Tahilramani asks.

"Shootings and killings is not all that is happening in Sind. The disclaimer of the six leaders of Karachi itself refers to other aspects of harassment in Sind, e.g. looting, forcible occupation of Houses found locked, insults to women, forcible occupation of lands, seizure of crops standing thereon, and forcible conversions, instances of which are multiplying day after day".

Ban On Arms In Dacca During Puja Holidays

DACCA, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): Orders under Section 144 Cr. P. C. will be promulgated throughout Dacca District, banning the carrying of arms in places during the Puja holidays by persons other than public servants, according to a peace formula reached at a meeting of representatives of the Muslim League, the Congress, the Hindu Mahasabha and other organisations convened at the Collector's office.

The orders will be strictly enforced by the police and prosecutions started immediately for contravention. Restrictions will be imposed on the playing of music during the Puja within a radius of 100 years of any Mosque during hours of prayer which will be fixed and notified to the public. Puja immersion processions will be taken out with music but, as in the past, there will be no music within 100 yards of any mosque.

FATAL ATTACK ON RAILWAY EMPLOYEE

LARKANA, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): One person was fatally attacked on the Station Road near the police station yesterday. The victim was a railway employee.

GUN POWDER & CANON RECOVERED FROM HOTEL

AGRA Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): The police, it is reported, recovered a large quantity of gun powder and one country made canon from a hotel here yesterday. The proprietor and the manager have been taken into custody.

CALL FOR SURRENDER OF ARMS IN FARWAR

FARWAR, Oct. 12, (A.P.I.): The District Magistrate Karwai has ordered surrender of unlicensed arms and ammunition by Oct. 15. No proceedings would be launched against those who voluntarily surrender arms or ammunition by the above date.

Curfew In Parts Of Bombay

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

A 35-hour curfew starting from 7 p.m. today has been issued in Bombay the order covering the places and areas bounded by and inclusive of:—Kalbadevi Road (exclusive) Bhuleshwar Road, (exclusive) Bhoiwada III Lane (inclusive), Kika Street (inclusive) Teen Batti and Bapu Khote Street (inclusive) upto its junction with Kalbadevi Road.

PERSIAN PREMIER'S MESSAGE TO NEHRU

TEHERAN, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): The Persian Premier, Ghavam-es-Sultaneh, has sent a cable to Pandit Nehru, Indian Prime Minister, expressing Persia's "great sorrow" at the unhappy incidents which have broken out in India and Pakistan," Teheran radio reported to-day.

"I hope that you will be able to set an end to this bloodshed in a statesmanlike manner," the cable said.

Police Fire On Unruly Crowds

BOMBAY, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): "One person was injured when the police fired a round to stop stone throwing in Maharbouri area on Tuesday afternoon", says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay, tonight.

The Note adds: "A certain amount of tension prevailed in the eastern side of Fort Area following stone throwing between two factions. Police opened fire to stop stone throwing. Two persons were injured in the firing".

Liaquat's Rejoinder To Sardar

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistaen, in a rejoinder today referred to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's statement of October 11 and asked Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to explain "how it is in India's interest to send out every Muslim from East Punjab, since that is the gravamen of my charge against him".

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said.—"If the repeated promises and assurances of the India Government to the Muslim minority have any meaning, the India Government to the Muslim minority have any meaning, the India Government are in honour bound to provide such conditions of security that Muslims would not feel compelled to leave their Dominion. The programme of mass evacuation of Muslims is strictly limited and applies only to the East Punjab for reasons mentioned above. Any attempt to extend this programme to facilitate the evacuation of Muslims from Delhi and the Western U.P. would be regarded as a clear breach of the many undertakings given for the protection of minorities. We have made our attitude quite clear. We consider that the best interests of India and Pakistan are served by giving the fullest protection to minorities, by the creation of conditions which will enable them to stay in their ancestral homes with safety We are, therefore, absolutely opposed to mass migration of Muslims from Delhi, Western U.P. or other areas outside east Punjab.

If such conditions are created as to lead to a mass exodus from any part of India other than the East Punjab, Pakistan Government will have to review the whole situation and adopt such masures as may be necessary to resist any such design, for they are firmly of the opinion that it will be disastrous to the interests of both Dominions".

Resolution On S.-W. Africa

Disagreement On Indian Proposal For Time-Limit

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), Oct. 14 (Reuter): The Sub-Committee of the United Nations Trusteeship Committee appointed to work out the agreed text of its resolution on South-West Africa has ended its work in a disagreement. It will report to the Trusteeship Committee probably tomorrow that it failed to reach agreement and as a result the Trusteeship Committee will still have before it two resolutions—the Danish and the Indian.

The point of disagreement was whether or not the resolution should set a time limit for submission of a trusteeship agreement by South Africa for South-West Africa. Belgium's M. P. Ryckmans, Chairman of the Sub-Committee, said some members of the Sub-Committee felt they could not support a time limit proposal as contained in the Indian resolution on the grounds that its inclusion might result in the General Assembly failing to secure the necessary two-thirds majority on the matter of South-West Africa.

After Panama's delegate had suggested that a paragraph in the Danish resolution, saying that the General Assembly "takes note of the decision of the Union Government not to proceed with the incorporation of South-West Africa," be deleted on the grounds that action on the part of South Africa did not deserve mention in any General Assembly resolution, India's Sir Maharaj Singh immediately objected saying: "It is important because it records in the resolution of the General Assembly, the fact that the Union of South Africa have stated clearly they will not proceed with the incorporation."

It was agreed to leave the paragraph in the draft resolution.

FORCED LANDING IN MID-ATLANTIC

GANDER (New Foundland), Oct. 14 (Reuter): A giant United States flying boat with 69 people on board to-day force-landed in a heavy swell in mid-Atlantic without damage, taxied two miles to a weather ship and safely transferred its passengers.

The pilot, a former United States navy flier, landed 1,400 miles west of Eire through petrol shortage, after meeting continuous headwinds since taking off last night from Shannon airport, Eire.

Many of the passengers were British emigrants bound for the United States and Canada.

REHABILITATION OF REFUGEES

Nearly 1,167,000 Already Resettled In W. Punjab

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): The Minister for Refugees and Rehabilitation in the Pakistan Government, Mr Fazlur Rahman, made the following points at a press conference here today: "We have to find room now for the very large figure of nearly 54 lakhs migrants from East Punjab, which will stretch Pakistan's capacity to absorb them to the last limit".

Continuing he said: "By the end of September, it is estimated that from 15 to 17 lakhs on both sides had been evacuated".

"The Rehabilitation Commissioner, West Punjab considers that by 10th October 1,167000 agriculturists had been resettled in West Punjab. No figures are available of the numbers that have passed through the transit camps, but in fact these 1,167,000 agricultural refugees had already been resettled out of an assumed total up-to-date of 1,700,000 immigrants. Progress has thus been fairly quick and there should be ample labour for reaping the kharif harvest and for sowing the rabi".

Mr. Fazlur Rahman said that he was glad to know that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of the Indian Dominion, had declared that his Government would not want any Muslim to go from India who wanted to stay there.

MOVEMENT OF REFUGEES

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): The total number of refugees who have crossed the Indian Dominion into Sind up to, and including, Oct. 11, is 1,00,288, the "Associated Press of India" reliably understands.

The total number of evacuees who have left Sind for India was 1,25,761 on Oct. 11.

In Hyderabad the number of non-Sindhi evacuees awaiting evacuation is 1,100. About 2,000 evacuees leave Sind each day by the Jodhpur Railway, and approximately the same number have hitherto been arriving from the interior in Hyderabad.

N.C. KELKAR PASSES AWAY

Veteran Marathi Author And Politician Dies Of Heart Failure

POONA October 14.

The Veteran Maharashtra leader, Mr. Narsinh Chintaman Kelkar passed away this morning at his residence here.

He had been suffering from heart trouble for some time and died in his sleep. he was aged 75.

The funeral will take place this evening.

The death of Mr. Kelkar removes one of the most revered personalities in Maharashtra. The righthand man of the late Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Mr Kelkar played an important and part in the early twenties in Congress politics. He was a member of the Home Rule Delegation to England in 1919. He was elected President of the Bombay Provincial Conference in 1920. He was for several years a member of the Congress Working Committee and at the Cawnpore session was one of the two contestants for the Presidentship of the Congress. He then lost by two votes to Mrs Sarojini Naidu. He was elected President of the Poona City Municipality in 1918 and was again its president from 1922 to 1924.

Elected to the Central Legislative Assembly on benalf of the Swaraj Party, Mr. Kelkar acted as Deputy Leader of the party, with the late Pandit Motilal Nehru as its leader. He resigned from the Central Assembly at the time of its 1929 movement.

Though thereafter Mr. Kelkar continued to be a member of the Congress, during the next few years, he did not take active part in the Congress movement. In 1930 during the salt satyagraha movement, however, he committed a technical breach of the law by preparing salt at Shivaji Mandir, Poona.

The late Mr. Kelkar was a prolific and widely known writer, the subjects he covered in his articles and books in Marathi ranging from a treatise on wit and humour to a treatise on the science of politics. He also wrote six dramas, a biography of Garibaldi, a History of Ireland and a book on "Privileges of the Pen" and also published his reminiscences of the late Lokamanya Tilak. He edited the Marathi biweekly "Kesari" founded by the late Mr Tilak nearly 40 years.

When in 1937 Mr. Kelkar retired from public life, he resigned office from over 60 social, educational and political institutions in Poona and Maharashtra with which he was connected.

Many institutions in Poona remained closed today as a mark of respect to his memory.

MR. KELKAR ON HIS CONTEMPORARIES

Just a week ago Mr. Kelkar broadcast a talk on "My Contemporaries" from All India Radio, Bombay. In this talk he said:

"Today I can still see very clearly before my eyes my life in the last 40 years. This period can roughly divided into three parts. First being from 1908 to 1920, second from 1920-1937 and the third from 1937 to 1947. My first period consisted more or less of assumption of power. The second was 'so to say' of my 'test'' and the third one of peace and tranquility, with God's grace. There was a time in 1908 when I was about to resign my post from the Editorship of 'Kesari' and 'Maratha' and to continue only as one of the members of the panel of 'Kesari'. My unpopularity had reached its zenith in 1907, but it was about the same year when my fortune began to take a turn for the better, because in that very year the Indian National Congress was convened at Surat and Lokamanya Tilak along with Babu Arvind Ghosh established what was then called New Rashtriya Paksha and I was proposed to take up the work of that party as a secretary. I had to go on tour in Allahabad, Lahore and other Northern Indian Districts to popularise the party. I also took part in the Prohibition Movement. In short on account of these and other various activities that befell me, I had to postpone tendering my resignation as an Editor of 'Maratha'. Later on, Lokamanya Tilak was prosecuted on a charge of treason and on account of this great mishap everything was quiet at home and I had to continue as the Editor both of 'Maratha' and of 'Kesari'. Immediately after the conclusion of the trial of Lokamanya Tilak, I published a book of about 500 pages giving all the details of the trial. It was immediately proscribed by the then Bombay Government. I also wrote an editorial in 'Maratha' criticising severely the Government for which I was sentenced to indefinite imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,200/-. I was, however, let out in about two weeks. The next year witnessed the murder of Collector Jackson at Nasik and after that event, we, were all looked upon with great suspicion so much so that it was a crime even to be a subscriber of 'Maratha' and 'Kesari'. Somehow through all this turmoil our New Rashtriya Party and Kesari Institute pulled through and we were going on with as much determination as ever.

CONGRESS MUSLIM SCHEME

At last things began to change in 1914 when the first World War began. The Government naturally wanted people to be on their side and to help it so far as possible. Lokamanya Tilak seized this opportunity and began having parleys with the Government so that, Indians would get top ranking posts in the Army and in Government. The Congress session at Lucknow in 1916 was a momentous one. A scheme which was then known as Congress Muslim Scheme was for the first time drafted and in that session Mahatma, then known as Mohandas Karamchand, Gandhi came on the political horizon with more prominence. The Govt.'s attitude towards Lokamanya Tilak and his Party was not very clear. The Govt. wanted help from the leaders, but would not concede to the various demands made by them. However, in 1917 Mr. Montague, the then Secretary of State, came to India and had discussions with the leaders of the various political parties. Lokamanya Tilak gave his evidence before the Select Committee. The well-known case of Tilak vs. Chirol was fought out in London, but Tilak lost it. However, Lokamanya Tilak made use of this opportunity to place the case of India before the leaders of the foreign countries and he took it right up to President Wilson who was then in Paris. Before the return of Lokamanya Tilak from Mandalay, the question that was often debated was whether the New Rashtriya Paksha should ultimately be in the Congress. I was all the while for joining the Congress while there were others who decided to work remaining outside. But Lokamanya Tilak gave his final opinion that we join the Congress unreservedly. My appointment as the Editor of 'Kesari' and 'Maratha' was also accepted by Lokamanya Tilak without any comment.

LAL-BAL-PAL

People in India knew the well-known Trio then known as Lal, Bal and Pal; Lal of course, meant the leader in the Punjab, Lala Lajpatrai. He had then established an institution on the lines of the Servants of India Society. Lala Lajpatrai had travelled all over the World and had done good work in America. The second of the trio, that is Bal Gangadhar Tilak, needs no introduction. The third one was Bipinchandra Pal. He was the first Social reformer and a Brahmo worker. He was a first class orator and a great worker. I was very well connected with all these three and always respected them as my seniors and superiors. Deshabandhu Chittaranjan Dass was also working along with us. He always kept himself in the background and conducted the trials instituted against the revolutionaries. Another great leader of Bengal was Babu Arvind Ghosh. He associated himself with Tilak and worked for about two years; when he was prosecuted on account of his writings in 'Vande Mataram', he clearly saw that he was due for a sentence of transportation for life and he promptly vanished from Bengal. It is known that he then went to Pondicherry where he is still doing his work. I sometimes wonder whether in his studies of Yoga and Adhyatma he had forgotten India and her future. But lately I have read his writings and messages and I am convinced that he has not only not forgotten his motherland but has definitely made some efforts to free the country from foreign yoke. Lokamanya Tilak's other friends in Bengal were Babu Motilal Ghosh and his associates who were then on the panel of the Editorial Committee of 'Amrit Bazar Patrika'. Out of the trio that I had mentioned before, I was a great friend of Lala Jajpatrai. Looking to the Southern India I now can say that Karnatak gave a wholehearted support to Lokamanya Tilak. Well-known leader Gangadharrao Deshpande and others were great followers of Lokamanya Tilak and I have had very friendly and cordial relations with them. From the Central Provinces and especially from Nagpur and Berar the younger generation supported Lokamanya Tilak and his party.

HIS "CLOSEST FRIENDS"

The difference between Lokamanya Tilak's and my age is only 15 years. When I was a student in the college he was a professor to me. From 1905 my close association with Lokamanya Tilak brought me in touch with people from all over India and they always knew me as the Editor of 'Maratha' and a close associate of Lokamanya Tilak. Natesan from Madras, C. Y. Chintamani, as well as Sachidananda Sinha of Patna — they were all my friends. From 1918 always the number of my friends in the other Provinces began to increase and Mrs. Besant, Mr. Telang, Shivrao and today's C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar and many others can be mentioned as few of them. Mr. Pherozshah Mehta of Bombay and his followers had also been very friendly with me and a special mention of Vithalbhai Patel as one of my closest friends must be made in this connection. As I was not a great orator in English, I did not undertake to travel all over India to popularise either our party or our creed, but nevertheless I was known all over India and most of the leaders from other Provinces knew me very well.

40 YEARS OF POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LIFE

Today I have formed certain conclusions out of my 40 years of political and social life. Every man ultimately has his own distinct opinions as he has a distinct personality. These opinions are formed by him by means of his own intellect and his culture. He would not like to change it if he is honest about it and this should be always borne in mind by those who strive to-day to do some good to society and to the country. Anyone can, if one means, make friends as well as break friends. And if we can come together on all greater issues, then the smaller differences can always be forgotten. I shall close this speech by only one instance. All the wheels in a clock have edges but they are so placed that one wheel while revolving moves another to keep the clock going on smoothly. This is one lesson that I have learned from all my struggle in the last 40 years."

HE MAINTAINED TILAK'S TRADITIONS

Corporation's Tributes To Kelkar's Services

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Mr. N. C. Kelkar's historic association with Lokamanya Tilak, his services to the people of Maharashtra and the great literary strides he made as the powerful editor of "Kesari" were recalled in the Bombay Municipal Corporation this evening.

After the death of Mr. B. G. Tilak in 1920, if any single Maharashtrian had dominated his province, it was Mr. N. C. Kelkar, stated Mr. S. K. Patil, Leader of the Congress Municipal Party, moving a condolence resolution. Mr. Kelkar, he said, was attached to every institution with which Mr. Tilak had associations. He served the country with untiring zeal in spite of pronounced cleavages with the Indian National Congress many stalwarts of which, like Pandit Motilal Nehru, Lala Lajpat Rai and Deshabandu Chittaranjan Das held him in high esteem. Mr. Patil described Mr. Kelkar as "a vigorous and prolific writer in the Marathi language, an incisive politician, a well-versed historian and an accomplished philosopher." Mr. B. N Maheshwari seconded the resolution.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said: "As editor of the "Kesari" Mr. Kelkar maintained the tradition of Lokamanya Tilak for twenty years after his death. By his gentleness, vision and knowledge he won the admiration of everyone. He knew much but was humble; he carried his intellectual attainments lightly."

"With his death a great age in the history of Maharashtra has come to an end, an age of selfless patriotism. He was the only real 'chela' of the Lokmanya," Mr. Mehta declared.

Mr. S. S. Mirajkar praised Mr. Kelkar's spirit of tolerance. He hated bigotry in politics. Mr. Nagindas T. Master held that the loss of the giant of Maharashtra" would be irreplaceable.

The Mayor, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, eulogised the part played by the Maharashtrian leader in the country's affairs.

The meeting was adjourned.

The Corporation will meet on Wednesday at 3-55 p.m.

U. P. Development Officer Under Suspension

LUCKNOW, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): Mr. P. L. Gour, Ghee Development Officer, who was on hunger strike a few days ago, has been placed under suspension pending inquiry into his conduct.

Off My Chest

D. F. Karaka

I present the following extract to all Government servants, specially those who belong to the Ministries of Information, Public Instruction and Public Relations.

The quote is said to have appeared in "War Times", which was published in the U.S. for the personnel of the War Department every Friday at the direction of the Secretary of War by the Industrial Service Division, Bureau of Public Relations, under the Sponsorship of the Secretary of War's Council on Civilian Personnel and with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, as required by Rule 42 of the Joint Committee of Printing.

The directive reads:

The present movement toward simplification of language and directness of statement in government writing and the elimination of jargon and unnecessary wordiness as well as the use of short, direct statements instead of long sentences which are difficult to understand because the reader is apt to get lost before he arrives, if he ever does, at the meaning intended by the writer, is a valuable attempt to achieve economy and intelligibility, for many pamphlets, instruction sheets, ordinary memoranda and assorted missives circulated through the War Department fail of their primary purpose through befogging their contents by use of pseudo-official phraseology which only the initiated can hope to understand and of which even they cannot be certain without reference either to the key works needed for translating them or to their own garbled and confused memories of dealing, usually without much success and always after a long period of time and travail, with similar kinds of wording in similar situations, so, though don't be too hopeful, for, someone with unusual gifts and energy in applying them will manage triumphantly to misunderstand you no matter what you say or how you say it, try saying what you have to say as simply and as briefly as you can, and then after you've said it, stop saying it and don't say it any more.

* * *

Another police case to be followed in public interest was reported in the "Chronicle" of Sunday last and may have escaped your attention. The "Chronicle" report said:

BOMBAY, Saturday.

On receipt of information that unauthorised cloth was hoarded on the premises of Messrs. Dalmia Cement and Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., at 15A, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, the Bombay C.I.D., raided the place on Saturday afternoon and seized 340 yards of rationed cloth (without tex marks) and nearly a hundred yards of non-rationed cloth from the Head Office of the firm.

In this connection the Police arrested Mr. Mahavirprasad Dalmia a nephew of Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia and a partner of the Company and Mr. Girdharilal Chokhani its Manager.

R

RATIONCARDHOLDERS, who have been allotted July on their Cloth Registration Sheets as the month of purchase of Rationed Cloth, are reminded, that they have to complete their purchase by OCTOBER 31, 1947.

No extension will be granted.

Russia Supports Palestine Partition

SO THAT ARABS AND JEWS MAY LIVE FREELY AND PEACEFULLY IN THEIR OWN STATES

LAKE SUCCESS, OCT. 14 (REUTER): RUSSIA, LAST OF THE BIG POWERS TO PRESENT HER VIEWS ON PALESTINE, LAST NIGHT PRONOUNCED HER SUPPORT IN PRINCIPLE OF PARTITION—"FOR THE RIGHT OF ARABS AS WELL AS JEWS TO LIVE FREELY AND PEACEFULLY IN THEIR OWN STATES."

Speaking before the United Nations Palestine Committee, M. S. K. Tsarapkin, the Soviet delegate, said: "If we clear the question before us of all superstructure of an historical and formally legal character stressed here by a number of speakers and approach consideration of the question on a broad political basis, then the Soviet delegation is convinced the Palestine problem will be solved.

Mr. Herschel Johnson on Saturday committed the United States to the partition scheme urged that 150,000 Jews be admitted to Palestine before September 1 1949 and proposed that a special constabulary be set up by the United Nations to maintain law and order in the 'Holy Land'.

Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, British Colonial Secretary, disclosing Britain's intentions to get out of Palestine and putting the whole problem up to United Nations pledged Britain on September 26 to assume responsibility for giving effect to any plan on which the Arabs and Jews reach agreement.

The Soviet delegate said: "The creation of a Jewish State is a wholly Mature and urgent problem. One cannot avoid a solution to this problem no matter what efforts are made to complicate it and drown it in a sea of references to historical events going back to the depths of ages and even of millenniums".

Recent events in Palestine, M. Tsarapkin said, were the result of the breakdown of the mandatory system.

The Soviet delegation agreed with the unanimous recommendations in the report of the Palestine Commission, namely, termination of the mandate as soon as possible and independence for Palestine as soon as possible.

Referring to the majority and minority recommendations M. Tsarapkin said: "Naturally the plan proposed by the minority has its advantages and qualities inasmuch as it is based on the idea of creating a single Arab-Jewish state in Palestine.

PARTITION IS BETTER

However, under present circumstances when the relations between Arabs and Jews, already worsened before, have reached such a degree of tension that conciliation has became impossible the minority proposal apparently cannot be put into practice. Because of this we have to turn to the majority plan which provides for the partition of Palestine into two independent states as this plan is under present-circumstances the one which would better be put into practice.'

Dealing with the proposal for economic unity in Palestine, M. Tsarapkin said such economic unity would not only correspond to the interests of Palestine as a whole but would also be the means of bringing the peoples together and thus prepare for closer political relations between them.

Without at present going into details on economic unity the Soviet delegation welcomes the putting of this question and considers that it is in this direction that the most satisfactory solution can be found. he said. He pointed out that a number of proposals could not be accepted without thorough analysis and without introducing corresponding amendments.

FRONTIER QUESTION

The question of the frontier line between the two states, of measures during the transition period after the termination of the British mandate, as well as of the status of city of Jerusalem and a number of other questions called for further and thorough consideration.

"The Soviet delegation considers that further work on a concrete plan for delineation of frontier and on the national separation of Palestine should be undertaken by a special committee so as to eliminate as far as possible existing defects", he said.

"If the Assembly adopts the decision for the partition of Palestine into two states a number of complicated questions will arise connected with the termination of the British mandate in Palestine as well as with the plan for partition of Palestine itself. The question will arise in the first place—in what basis shall the Government of Palestine be built up during the transition period?

"Everybody realises the transition period from the present state of mandatory Government in Palestine to the beginning of the existence of two independent states has an enormous importance from the viewpoint of preserving peace in Palestine as well as from the viewpoint of the future fate of both these states.

Therefore, the Soviet delegation considers that simultaneously with the termination of the mandate it is necessary to take a decision on the authority which will govern during the transition period and be responsible to the organisation of the United Nations and work out in connection with this the necessary measures.

If at this session the Assembly decides on the question of the creation of Arab and Jewish states, this will be a great step forward in the solution of the whole Palestine question. The Soviet delegation reserves the right to speak in future on separate concrete questions."

EGYPT CHALLENGES

After Zafrulla Khan (Pakistan) had replied in detail to certain historical points raised by the Guatemalan delegate last week, Fawzi Bey (Egypt) threw down this challenge: "I solemnly and formally challenge the right of the United Nations to decree the partition of Palestine or of any other land."

"The General Assembly can only make recommendations to Governments and these can only dispose of what belongs to them. Does Palestine belong to any member of the United Nations? Neither the General Assembly nor any organ of the United Nations can dispose of Palestine or any part of it.

"If we are not careful there will be strife and bloodshed. Let no one say our warnings are a threat of the use of force. This is not a threat, it is foresight."

Afghanistan's Abdol Hosayn Azis in the shortest speech declared: "The people of Palestine must have the right to dispose of their own faith and we cannot therefore support any of the report's recommendation"

The meeting adjourned till 8 p.m. (G.M.T.) to-morrow.

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables. Annual life reading monthly details Rs. 5. 3 questions Re 1 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kalipur M. SRINIVASA ACHARIAR Chandrika 2-B Eldams Road, Tevnampet P. O. Madras.

Pakistan Income-Tax Appellate Tribunal

KARACHI, Oct. 14. (API): The head-quarters of the Pakistan Income Tax Appellate Tribunal will be located at Lahore, it is understood.

The tribunal will consist of one Chairman-cum-Judicial Member and an Accountant Member.

The bench will move throughout Pakistan to hear appeals, but the appeals will be filed at Lahore.

Before partition, the Government of India had five benches — two at Bombay, and one each at Calcutta, Madras and Allahabad.

Arms Factory Unearthed In Mussoorie

24-Hour Curfew In Kanpur

MUSSOORIE, Oct. 13 (API): A factory for the manufacture of rifle ammunition, along with one hundred rounds of pistol ammunition and two pounds of black powder, was found today by the police in a vacant Muslim house in Vincent Hill Area. One unlicensed gun was recovered when some Muslim refugees were searched.

PATIALA, Reports of increasing number of incidents of aggression on Hindus and Sikhs and destruction of standing crops have been received from Daska (Patiala State) where more than 20,000 Muslims are concentrated, waiting for evacuation to Pakistan.

KANPUR: A forty-year-old man was fatally stabbed today in Nawabganj area while cycling.

Twenty-four-hour curfew has been imposed on a certain community in certain specified areas and wholesale searches are being carried out in the locality where the incident occurred.

The city is, however, quiet.

ALLEGATION OF ASSAULT AGAINST POLICE

Deputy Inspector Denies Charge

On Monday in the Court of Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, the police applied for extention of bail in the case of alleged blackmarketing and profiteering against Mr. J. M. Jain, General Manager, Mr. P. V. Menon, Assistant Sales Manager, Mr. Gudwadi, the Cashier and Mr. Markande, the Purchase clerk of Allen Berry & Company. Mr. K. F. Nariman, appearing on behalf Mr. Jain and the three other accused complained that the police had assaulted members of the firm's staff. He said that on the afternoon of Friday of Oct. 10, a batch of 16 or 17 plain clothes policemen rushed into the office of Allen Berry & Co., and, after closing all the doors and windows and cutting off phone communication, started assaulting members of the staff very seriously, as a result of which one vomitted blood, another fainted and a third received severe injuries. The police party kept on asking "Where is the money?" and the people in the office did not know who they were.

The accused were arrested and released on bail the same night.

The next day, at about 11 a.m. they were called to the police station and, after being made to wait till 1 o'clock, were asked to call again in the afternoon. When the statements of the three persons who had been severely beaten were being recorded, they made a complaint to the officer about the treatment they had received and showed the marks on their persons, but the police officer refused to record this part of the statement said Mr. Nariman. They then went to the St. George Hospital where the result of the medical examination was recorded.

Mr. Nariman continued: "On merits, we have a good defence. This is a false case. The police are off the track and we will prove our case at the proper time.

"As regards the treatment of the accused, Mr. Nariman added, "we will write to the Commissioner of Police and then see what action we shall take. The police are entitled to make whatever inquiries they want but they must do so in a civilised manner."

Deputy Inspector Desai said that it was the complainant who had got injuries and that it was not true that the accused were assaulted. The Magistrate granted the application for extention of bail (till Oct. 27.)

Editor Arrested And Press Sealed

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 11.

For having published a cartoon depicting searches of evacuees at Hyderabad (Sind) station, which was taken objection of by the Sind Government, Mr. Khemchand Vaswani, Editor of 'Deshmitra', a Sindhi weekly published from Hyderabad, has been arrested by the Sind Police.

The press, from which the paper was being printed, has also been sealed in this connection.

"Dazzling Headlights" W.I.A.A.'s Warning

Road Safety in Bombay City is imperilled by the prevalence of inconsiderate use of motor car headlights. Full headlights particularly when badly focussed and the beam adjusted too high blind the vision of oncoming traffic, cause confusion and contribute to accidents which may involve human lives'—so reads a press appeal to motorists issued by the Western India Automobile Association, Bombay. The dazzling car lights practice is most inconsiderate and opposed to all canons of road courtesy and indicative of want of proper road manners.

The W.I.A.A. appeals to motorists to explain to their drivers that full headlights should not be used in the City. The lights should be dimmed and dipped when encountering oncoming vehicles. This will eliminate dazzle and glare and promote traffic safety.

RAJAJI TO INAUGURATE ECONOMISTS CONFERENCE

Mr. J. Rajagopalachari, Governor of West Bengal, will inaugurate the 30th Annual Conference of the Indian Economic Association to be held at Calcutta on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th December, 1947.

'MARTYRS' OF FIRE BRIGADE

Mayor Unveils Memorial; Echo Of City Dock Explosion

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Unveiling the Memorial erected in honour of the officer and men of the Bombay Fire Service who lost their lives in the great Dock Explosion in April 1944, Mr. A. P. Sabavalla the Mayor of Bombay paid tribute to the "martyrs" of the Fire Brigade this evening at the Fire Brigade Head Quarters, Byculla.

Requesting the Mayor to perform the unveiling ceremony, Mr. B. K. Patel the Municipal Commissioner said that the Memorial was a tribute of the City to the Firemen who lost their lives in the 1944 Explosion. He added that Memorial was erected out of the funds collected by public of Bombay.

The Mayor eulogising the services of the Bombay Firemen said, the City Fire Service was very efficient not only in the whole of India but also world.

He remarked that 66 gallant officers and men of the Fire Service lost their lives "in action" and 90 were injured. The Memorial he added would be a standing tribute for all times to the heroism of the fallen Firemen.

The Memorial is erected out of Rs. 25,000 collected by citizens of Bombay to perpetuate the memory of the 66 brave Firemen. The 35 feet high plinth erected in the compound of the Fire Brigade Headquarters at Byculla coast about Rs. 14,000. The foundation stone of the Memorial was laid by Mr. Nagindas Master, then Mayor of Bombay. Mr. N. Coombes Chief Officer of the Bombay Fire Brigade has been asked to prepare a scheme of scholarship for the deserving children of Firemen to be expended out of the remaining of the fund.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, City Corporator and Mr. Nagindas Master ex-Mayor of Bombay were present on the occasion.

FIX FAIR PRODUCTION OF DRAWERS-IN

Rashtriya Mazdoor Sangh's Demand

The Secretary of the Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh writes:

The Rastriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh has addressed a letter to the Government of Bombay demanding that an enquiry should be made immediately in all the Mills in the drawing-in department to find out what should be a day's fair production for drawers-in working on different sorts. It will be remembered that a ten day strike had taken place last month in the Bombay Textile Industry by the drawers-in creating a dead-lock in the City. The strike was called back after ten days as it evoked no sympathy from the public nor from the workers of other departments.

But it appears that even though the strike has ended things have not been moving smoothly in the Drawing-in department. A section of the workers are still not giving the same production which they used to give before the Award. The Managements have been insisting on the pre-award production and this has resulted in creating bitterness among the workers.

With a view to clear the atmosphere and remove the bitterness the Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh has appealed to the Bombay Government to make a thorough enquiry in the local Mills and fix a day's fair production in the drawing-in department for all the mills.

Diamond Ear-Ring Recovered From Pawn Shop

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An alleged attempt to cheat a city solicitor of a diamond ear-ring valued at Rs. 25,000/- was foiled, when the police recovered the ornament from a pawn shop, and arrested Shantilal Navalchand Zaveri yesterday in this connection.

The ear-ring had been given to the accused by the complainant last July for the purpose of ascertaining the market value, it was alleged, but he failed to return it and went on making excuses. The Gamdevi Police who arrested him on a complaint of criminal breach of trust from the solicitor, recovered the ear-ring from the firm of Sajanmal Javerilal & Co at Memon Street, where, it was alleged, the accused pawned it for Rs. 3,500/-.

The accused was released on a bail of Rs 1,000/- today by Mr. H. G. Manimtura, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court.

Maize & Barley Included In Foodgrains

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

The Government of Bombay issued an order on Oct 7, 1947, declaring maize and barley as "foodgrains" for the purpose of the Bombay Foodgrains (Removal and Regulation of Sale) Order, 1947, in the districts of Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals, Surat, West Khandesh, East Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona, Satara, Sholapur, Belgaum, Bijapur and Dharwar. The order was published in the Bombay Government "Gazette" Extraordinary dated Oct 8, 1947. This Order has the result of prohibiting the sale or disposal on private account and also of banning the inter-village movements of these two grains (including their products) subject to certain concessions which have been provided for in the Bombay Foodgrains (Removal and Regulation of Sale) Order 1947.

The Government has already declared maize and barley as "foodgrains" for the purpose of the above Order, in the districts of Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals and Sholapur and Ahmedabad respectively by Government Orders dated July 4, 1947, and dated Aug. 12, 1947.

Order Served On 'Bharat' Of Ahmedabad

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

Under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, the Government of Bombay has issued an order against the printer and publisher of the "Bharat" a daily newspaper of Ahmedabad, restraining him from printing and publishing for a period of one week any matter bearing on the communal situation or on any communal question.

HE WAS PICKED UP IN A SEMI-CONSCIOUS STATE

Capt. Shaikh Can't Tell How All Officers Happened To Be On The Same Raft

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Continuing his deposition before the Marine Court of Inquiry this morning, Capt. Shaikh Suleiman Ibrahim said that there was no post and telegraph office or any kind of telephone communication between Rewas and Bombay.

The nearest telegraph office was at Alibagh.

The Captain then narrated how he was picked up near South Karanja Buoy by S. L. Mira from a raft. On the raft were also the Chief Officer, Third Officer, a quartermaster one khalasi and about 18 passengers.

At the time the 'Ramdas' had capsized the Chief Officer was on the deck with the passengers.

The Third Officer and the quarter master were with him on the bridge. He could not say how all of them happened to be on the same raft because he was picked up in a semi-conscious condition.

Questioned by Mr. Petigara he said that he did not know how the crew saved their lives. They might have clung to rafts or swam ashore hanging on the floating objects.

The Captain further stated that he had seen some members of the crew giving up their places on their raft to passengers who were overcome by fatigue.

Asked by Mr. Petigara if the Ramdas had struck against the Ferry Wharf wall owing to rough weather on the previous day of the disaster while berthing after her return from Rewas the Captain stated that she struck the wall on the beside but this was due to the fact that the stern rope had snapped. There was however no damage.

On the return voyage on the 16th passengers may have got wet because of the spray which washed the decks.

There was a bench on the upper deck which was tied because one of its legs was broken. This bench got unleashed and the passengers were thrown down.

AFTER THE WRECK

On the 17th after the shipwreck the Captain told the Court that they were met at Rewas by the agent of the Company. The Village Officer there asked for a statement from him which he made at 7 p. m. The next morning he made another statement before the port clerk. On the 18th evening after returning to Bombay he made a statement before the Deputy-Conservator of the Bombay Port Trust.

In reply to Mr. Sohrab D. Vimadalal he disclosed that he joined the Bombay Steam Navigation Company as an apprentice navigating officer. He obtained his Home Trade certificate in 1924. From that year upto 1929 he was acting Master, in charge of four ships at different times plying between Bombay-Goa, Bombay-Mangalore, Bombay-Karachi and Kathiawar ports. He had made 36 voyages on an average per year along these routes.

From 1929 to 1937 he was in the employ of the Malabar Steamship Co. as Master of S.S. 'Lalita'. In 1930 when there was a famine in the Laccadive Islands he had taken his ship there with rice while other companies had refused. For this he received a gold medal and a certificate from the Government of Madras.

On another occasion his ship was chartered to fetch back a Collector and his retinue from Androth Atoll to Cochin. The party was stranded because of engine trouble on the ship in which they had gone. In 1937, the S.S. 'Lalita' was sold to New Dholera Steamship Co. He took the ship from Bombay to Singapore and Saigon, though he had only a Home Trade certificate. The British Consul at Saigon permitted him to be Master of the ship on her voyage to Hong Kong and Canton. In March, 1938 he returned to Bombay to renew his pilot's license. He was required to make 4 trips in the harbour so he joined the Indian Co-operative's 'Ramdas' as Chief Officer. He was transferred to Scindia's as 3rd and 2nd Officer on 'Jal-Gopal', 'Jala-Duta' 'Jala-Durga and Englistan' which were foreign going vessels.

During the war he received a title for rescuing men from a torpedoed ship while he was Captain of S.S. 'Mallard' of the Bengal Burma Steamship Co.

He drew a basic salary of Rs. 370 plus allowances which totalled to 591. Besides this he got Rs 30 as pilot's allowance.

He had a clean certificate and had not appeared before any court of Inquiry or any charge, nor had he lost a single ship.

In the afternoon the Captain stated that the impact of the 'Ramdas' striking against the dock-wall was a very slight one and there were at the time fenders along the side. Such an incident would not be unusual if the hawser (rope) snapped.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Referring to the weather conditions he stated that there was nothing to warrant his not proceeding to sail for Rewas.

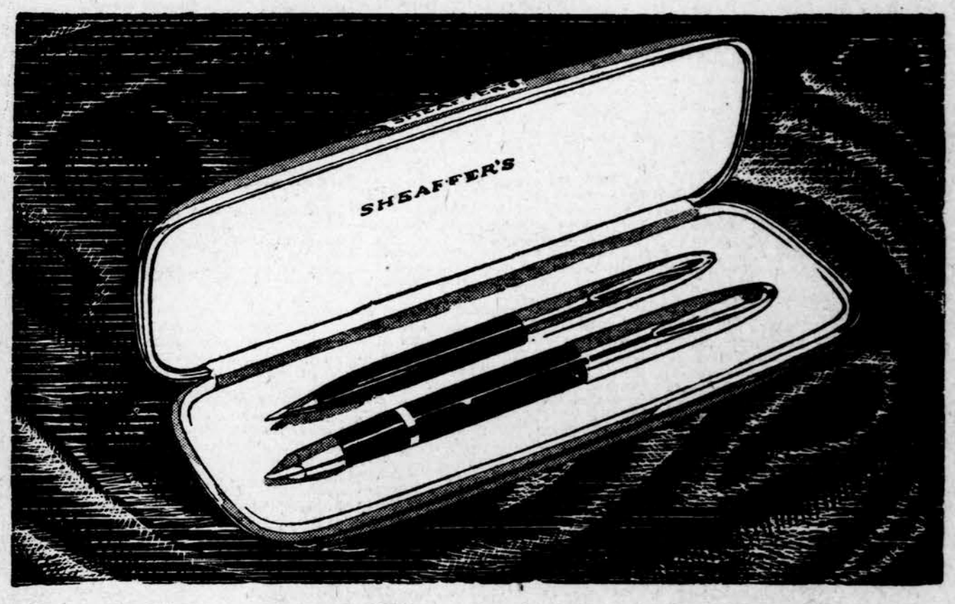
When the ship started on the 17th July, he did not have the slightest anxiety that the ship was dangerously overcrowded or overloaded. The number of passengers was quite within the prescribed limits.

Asked if the suggestion made in certain quarters that he refused to sail that day was true the Captain stated that it was not true. Though he discussed the weather with the Company's manager as was his wont, there was never any argument between them on that occasion.

He did not round the South Karanja Buoy when he passed it.

He said that it was not unusual that some passengers who bought tickets missed the boat.

Questioned about his decision in turning S.S.W. he said that it was the first step towards steadying the ship, the full effect of which would be realised only when the ship came full against the wind. It would have been too dangerous under the circumstances at that moment to turn her round quickly.



Give the Unchallenged Writing Set **"TRIUMPH"**

Sheaffer's pens and pencils stand alone at the head of the quality class! Their beauty is enhanced by perfect performance . . . superior materials shaped by seasoned craftsmen! To the range of Sheaffer's pens and pencils incorporating all the newest exclusive features we have given the name of "Triumph". Sheaffer's "Triumph" sets are available in many sizes and qualities to suit all pockets, each being a leader in its class

Only Skrip has the TOP-WELL that keeps fingers clean! All other Writing fluid containers are bottom-well bottles

SHEAFFER'S

Trade Enquiries to:
E. D. SEYMOUR & CO., (India) LTD.,
BOMBAY: CALCUTTA: MADRAS: KARACHI

Road to *Literacy*

Knowledge is light.—Ignorance darkness. Mass education, therefore, will be the first aim of our India crying for brighter life in Liberty.

Schools and Colleges with efficient staff, Technical Institutes, Research Laboratories, all these will be required in sufficient number.

And for this, tons and tons of paper will have to be supplied. Thus marching to a lit-up India will mean marching on through Paper.

"STAR" always means India's own paper for her all-round illumination.

STAR PAPER MILLS LTD.

STEEL SHARES QUIET BUT TEXTILES RULE STEADY

General Long Liquidation Depresses Cotton Prices

SHORT COVERING IN BULLION MARKET AFTER DROP

Bombay, October 14

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet and declined on general selling Later on quotations recovered on short covering. The market feeling being hesitant, the price trend is easily influenced with modest business. Professional operators are cautious while Jobbers are interested in quick turns which produce daily ups and downs The outlook of the market is not constructive in view of various uncertain factors

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1817 and sharply declined at Rs. 1750. The sharp decline in Gold and Silver prices influenced increased selling but later on Bears came in to cover and Tata Steel Defds recovered at Rs. 1790. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1080 and after declining at Rs. 1070 advanced at Rs. 1102 on the belief that increase in fine cloth prices will be announced in due course with a view to increase textile production.

Towards the close the market was quiet with scattered selling. Tata Steel Defds were done at Rs. 1780 and Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 360. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 1100. Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 558 while Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 234. Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 590. In the miscellaneous section there was restricted business and Central Banks were quoted at Rs. 87. Scindia shares were steady at Rs. 35/6. Closing tone was quiet.

The Share Bazar will open late after the general meeting to-morrow. Several members have sent a requisition seeking permission for Kerb trading after official closing and the members will express their opinion in the general meeting.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1105 Kohinoor 559 Swadeshi 594 Nagpur 305 Simplex 234 New Great 368/8 Gokak 324 Indore 570 Century 975 Colaba 250 I. Bleaching 140 Swan 340 Finlay 299 Morarji 520 Edward 695 Meyer 230 Apollo 3/15 I. U. Ordinary 15/8 I. U. Defd. 2/13 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 325 Khatau 339/6

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 358/8 Tata Steel Dfd. 1785 Second 153/8

CEMENT

Associated Meger 161

INDUSTRIES

Burma 477/8 Belapur 273 Shivrajpur 36 Scindia 35/6 Construction 189 Tata Chemical 14/5 Tata Oil 63 Indian Iron 34/5 Bengal Steel X. D. 26/5

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord. 125 Tata Hydro 177/8 Andhra 1617/8 Power 1767/8

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 81 Phoenix 1305 Ind. Mfg. 4460 Kooria 257/8 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 217/8 Minerva 200 Bradbury 620 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/4 Bharat 46 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 210 Laxmi 1655 Vishnu 650 Western 4315 Standard 508/12 Sholapur 6060 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4500 Tata 73/8 Ahmedabad Advance 427/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 20/8 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 380 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn. 124

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 143/12 (New) 110 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 155 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 156/4 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90

BANK SHARES

Reserve 115 Imperial 2255 P. P. 552/8 Central 87 Coupon 19 India 243/12 Union 10 Baroda 161 Jacob 151 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 65/12 Jaipur 53 Hindustan Com. 43 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 760 New India 70/8 Jupiter 33/12 Vulcan 14/6 Indian Mercantile 54/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud. 36/8 Neptune 6 New Great 27 All-India General 3;

RAILWAYS

C. P. 108/12 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. R. 297/8 Steamer 557 Burma New 153/12 B. B. Petrol 3 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75/4 Kemp 502/8 Zandu Pharmacy 190 Indian Investment Trust 103 Wimco 276 Dharamsey Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 2) Alembic 240 Supreme India 142/8 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 70 A.C.C. New 93 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 17/2

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 206/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1465 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 321/4 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec. 171/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127/8 (Second Pref.) 126/4 Amalgamated 138 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 (8) 107 Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/0/6 B. I. C. 8/3 Burma Corporation 3/15/6 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 6/8 Raja 28 Phalton 90 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 255

Ajamshahi 220 Air Service 13/6 Air India 180 Ambica 13/12 Hind Motors 7/6 I Steam 13/4 Sone Valley 9/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, October 14

The local cotton market was quiet to-day with moderate selling. The present decline is influenced by the drastic fall in the Bullion market, otherwise, on merit there seems no justification for any material decline. Most of the speculative long interest is being liquidation and when selling subsides, the market is likely to assume steadiness in view of good demand for actual cotton.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 469 for January delivery and declined at Rs. 467/8 on professional unloading.

Later on there was moderate short covering and with cessation of selling January delivery improved at Rs. 468/8 while March was quoted at Rs. 471.

NEW YORK MARKETS CLOSED

Monday being "Columbus Day" all New York markets remained closed.

During the last hour there was renewed selling and the market quietened and January was quoted at Rs. 466. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	466	8	0
I.C.C. March	470	4	0
I.C.C. May	477	0	0
I.C.C. July	484	8	0
I.C.C. Sept.	490	0	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1332 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, October 13

January highest 473 1/4; lowest 470 1/2; closing 470 1/2

March highest 475; lowest 472 1/2 closing 472 3/4

May highest 481 lowest 478 1/2 closing 479 1/4

July highest 488 lowest 485 1/2 closing 486 3/4

September highest 493 lowest 490 closing 491 1/2

Karachi 4F January highest 51-5-0 lowest 51-3-0 closing 51-3-6

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, October 14

Considerable nervousness prevails on the Bullion Exchange and the sharp drop in Gold and Silver quotations is having indirect effect on other markets.

Professional operators who played an important part in keeping local prices well over world prices, find it difficult to maintain the artificial structure and they are now compelled to unload their extensive holdings. As the decline started option dealers were also caught long and they became sellers while Bears continued their pressure. Thus there is alround selling and prices are declining.

To-day the market opened at Rs. 154/12 for forward Silver and declined at Rs. 152/8. Ready Silver was also offered at Rs. 152/8. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 97/12 and after improving at Rs 98 declined at Rs. 97. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 97/4 while Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 63/4. The market is becoming oversold.

Forward Silver after declining at Rs. 152/4 improved at Rs. 153/12 on short covering while Forward Gold after declining at Rs 95/8 rallied at Rs. 97.

The market finally closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	153	6	0
Forward Silver	153	10	0
Ready Gold	97	7	0
Forward Gold	97	4	0

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6 3/14 3/15
B. Dyeing 1080 62/8 75 70 85 71/8 1105
C. India 302 300 1 294 98 97 305
E. Textiles 695
Elphinstone (Ord.) 81
Elphinstone (Pref.) 122/8
Finlay 300 295/8 97 94 99 98 99/8
Gokak 325 18 19 17 24
I. U. (Defd.) 2/13/6 2/12 2/13
I. U. (Ord.) 15/6 15/7 15/3 15/8
Indore 565 60 62/8 60 70
Khatau 339/6
Kohinoor 560 48 56 50 57 52 62 59
Meyer 230
Model 208/12 10
Morarji 530 20
New Great 370 68/8
Podar 325
Simplex 231 27/8 30 28 34
Swadeshi 592 78 84 80 84 82 84 81 85 82 93 90 94
Swan 342 40
Tata Mills 74/8 73/8
Vishnu 647/8

BANKS.

Baroda 161
Central 87/4 86 87
Imperial (Old) 2245 55
Imperial (New) 552/8
India 243/8 43/12
Reserve 115
U. Commercial 66 65/12

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 143/12
Andhra Valley 1620 17/8
B. Tram (Ord.) 124/8 25 24/4 25
Hydro 177/8
Power 1775 67/8

INSURANCE.

Jupiter 33/12
New India 70 71 70/8

STEAMER.

B. Steam 555 57/8
B. Steam (Pref.) 320 21/4
Scindia 35/8 34/8 35/6 34/9 35/4 35/2 35/1 35/6

STEEL.

B. Steel 26/8 26/2 26/4 26/2 26/6
I. Iron 34/10 34/1 34/8 34/4 34/9 34/5
Tata (Defd.) 1812/8 1760 80 60 67/8 62/8 85 50 95 80 85
Tata (Ord.) 363 53 57 52 60 58 60 58/8
Tata (2nd Pref.) 153 54 53/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 295 97/8
A. C. C. (Old) 162 60/8 61/4 61
A. C. C. (New) 94 93
Belapur 275 72 74 73
B. B. (Old) 475 77/8 73/12 75 72/8 77/8
B. B. (New) 155 53/12
B. B. Petrol 3/0/3 3
P. Const. 190 92 87/8 80
Shivrajpur 36
Tata Chem. 14/3 14/4 14/3 14/5
Tata Oil 63
Wimco 372/8 76/4

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 19/8 19
Simplex Coupon 123 24 21 24
Vishnu Cotton (Pref.) 825

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, October 14

The Produce market was quietly steady with moderate business. In view of disquieting news from upcountry, traders are cautious. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS: Khandesh quality Ready Old Rs. 30/8. Bold and Coromandal Rs. 29/8, New Khandesh quality Rs. 28/6. Khandesh November-December Rs. 26/12. Bold November-December Rs. 26/7 and December-January Rs. 25/10. Oil October Rs. 26/12, November Rs. 26/7 and December Rs. 25/10

CASTORSEEDS: Ready Rs. 31/4 and Bold Rs. 29/12. May delivery opened at Rs. 126/6 and improved at Rs. 127, but declined at Rs. 125/8 and again hardened at Rs. 126/12.

LINSEED: Ready Rs. 31/4. September-October Rs. 30/11 and February-March Rs. 26

Castorseeds May delivery finally closed at Rs. 127/6.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

Tata Ordinary 358/8; Tata Deferred 1785; Indian Iron 34/5; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/6. Bombay Dyeing 1105; Central India 305; Gokak 323/12; Kohinoor 558/12; Simplex 234; Swadeshi 593/12; Tata Power 1767/8; Associated Cement 161; Belapur 273/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 477/8; Scindia 35/6; Central Bank 86/14; New India 70/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 153/12.

ART-YARN PRICES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

	Rs.	as.	p.
150 D. October	7	6	0
120 D. October	7	4	0

TIN PRICES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Aso dely.	43	8	0
Magsar dely.	44	12	0
Ready	48	0	0

PEPPER QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

	Rs.
Aso delivery	544
Kartak delivery	540

HESSIAN QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

Ready	118-1/2
Oct.-Dec.	121
Jan.-March	116-1/4
April-June	108-1/2

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Oct. 14.

Coiryan Beypore 170/180; Quilandy 185/195; Fibre Garbled 140; Ungarbled 135. Cocoanuts Raw 108/110; Dry 144; Cocoanut Oil 390; Copra Office 255; Dilpasand 290; Madrasnottam 360; Pepper Wynaad 605. Country 600; Dry Ginger Chernad 260; Ernad 230; Coffee Robusta 95; Timber Pali 70/75; Junglewood 27/80; Vellapine 40/45; Benteak 42/47; Teak 90/95; Mango Planks 3/3/8; Teak 15/18; Rosewood 15/20.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B. C. Rate I. T. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling I. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329.

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling I. T. Fcs 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 187.

New York/London Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/8 to 4.03 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady dull.

London Discts. 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p.c 3 Months 1/2 p.c. 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone.—Easy

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c 1950	100	14	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	7	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	2	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	14	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1975	99	8	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100	13	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	11	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	4	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	14	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	102	1	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100	4	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1956	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	122	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. 1977	101	4	0
6 p.c. K. P. T.	122	0	0

COLOMBO STOCK EXCHANGE.

COLOMBO, Oct. 11

Market very quiet but fairly steady:

TRANSACTIONS: Teas high forests 24; Uplands 17-1/4; Wanarajans 62-1/4; Mayens 12-1/2. Midfords 10-1/2; Torringtons 10; Mochas 22; Bopitiyas 11-1/2; Oonoogaloyas 14-1/2;.

TEA/RUBBERS: Hunuwellas 18-1/2; Golindas 8-1/2; Neuchatels 17-1/2; North Westerns 17-1/2. Watapotas 9; Saffragams 22.

COMMERCIALS: Browns 22; Cargills 14-3/4; Cocoanut Industries 18-1/2; Cold Stores 23, Colombo Apothecaries 17-1/2; Millers 13-1/2.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Oct. 13.

Silver Spot 43-1/4 pence. Silver Forward 42-3/4 pence. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 13

T. T. London on:—

New York selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Madrid 44.00, Montreal selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325, Zurich selling 17.34, buying 17.36 Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Oct. 13.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 109/6 Oct.-Nov.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 13.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	86-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	117-1/2
National Bank of India	33-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 8,245.

Hyderabad's Search For Fresh Formula

Instrument Of "Association" Instead Of "Accession"

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 14 (A.P.I.): The Hyderabad Negotiating Committee led by the Nawab of Chhatari, Prime Minister, which returned from Delhi last evening, is understood to have had further consultations with the Nizam whom they have already interviewed twice and conveyed the result of the talks in Delhi.

Sir Sultan Ahmed, who joined in the Delhi talks on behalf of the Government of Hyderabad also arrived and saw the Nizam together with the Nawab of Chhatari and Sir Walter Monckton.

According to informed circles, an understanding is likely to be reached between the Hyderabad and the Indian Union Governments in the next week or ten days.

The time limit of two months given to Hyderabad to reach a decision on the question of accession which expires on October 15, may be extended until the latest series of talks come to a conclusion.

AVOIDING "TREATY" & "ACCESSION"

It is understood, the present negotiations are aimed at reaching an understanding between the two Governments avoiding the terms "treaty" and "accession" which are not favoured by one or the other of the two Governments. The understanding to be reached will be embodied in what may be described as an "Instrument of Association" based on equality and partnership, it is learnt.

The Nizam's Government is reported to be considering such a draft agreement which, if agreed upon, will be signed by both the Governments. The Hyderabad Negotiating Committee will leave with this draft agreement for Delhi on October 16 and will return to Hyderabad by about October 20 for the Nizam's signature, after any modification that may be made jointly at Delhi.

It is now known that most of the differences with regard to Communications and Defence have been resolved and the crux of the problem remains external affairs.

COMPROMISE

It is understood that the formula now being evolved will be compromise between the Indian Union's reported stand that the Nizam's Government could appoint Trade Commissioners in countries with which Hyderabad has trade relations or interests, but not diplomatic or political representatives, and the Hyderabad Government's insistence to appoint Ambassadors and at the same time co-operating with the Indian Union in their conduct of foreign policy. It is understood that the solution being considered by the Hyderabad Government will aim at the Association of Hyderabad's Representatives with Indian Union embassies in certain countries, especially the United Kingdom and Pakistan, so that Hyderabad can have an effective voice in the policy pursued by the Government of India.

The Nawab of Chhatari, Sir Walter Monckton and Sir Sultan Ahmed will meet the Nizam every day in the next few days, when there will also be meetings of the Council of Ministers to consider the draft agreement to be taken to Delhi.

TRADE WITH

UNITED KINGDOM, AFRICA, ADEN & CEYLON

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.

(Incorporated in Indian Union)

Head Office: 18, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE EXCHANGE BANK provides a complete banking service backed by thorough experience of the trained personnel conducting its management for every financial operation connected with trade, investment and travel in these countries. The Bank's Branch system under complete **Indian management** directed from Bombay serves these countries.

Merchants, manufacturers and industrialists planning to establish, renew or extend business relations with these countries are requested to contact the management in Bombay or at any of our Indian Offices.

BRANCHES IN INDIA:

Ahmedabad, Akola, Amraoti, Amritsar, Bangalore City, Calcutta, Cochin, Delhi, Karachi, Khamgaon, Kolhapur, Madras, Madura, Nagpur, Poona City, Rajkot, Surendranagar, Tinnevelly, Tuticorin and Wadhwan City.

FOREIGN BRANCHES:

Aden, Colombo, Dar-es-Salaam, Jafna, Jinja, Kampala, Mombasa, Moshi, Nairobi.

LONDON BRANCH: 168, Moorgate, E.C. 2.

"I'm lucky! I've been on Lactogen all my life"

Other babies are not so fortunate because LACTOGEN still is hard to get

PLEASE! "LACTOGEN" is a carefully prepared milk formula, specially modified for the use of INFANTS during the first year of life. Older children CAN (and should) take whole-milk. So please reserve the rather limited stocks of "LACTOGEN" for INFANTS, whose very lives, in many cases, depend on their being able to get the correct food

LACTOGEN

Send 4 Annas in Stamps to "NESTLE'S" P. O. Box 315, Bombay, for a copy of the Nursing Mother Book

Save your Mysore sandal soap

A MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRODUCT

In these days it isn't easy to cope with the demand for this exquisite soap. Help us by using it economically. Wet your hands and make a lather with the soap; rub the lather and not the soap on your face and body; keep the soap-dish dry — your soap will last longer.

MSK 15

Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency including Southern Karnatic Districts of Dharwar, Belgaum, (B.C.)

Messrs. THE ASSOCIATED SALES CORPORATION Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

MUTT AND JEFF — That Tommy Fellow Certainly Does Get Around — By BUD FISHER

ENCEE, WHAT DID YOUR OTHER BOY-FRIENDS USE TO BUY YOU FOR YOUR BIRTHDAY?
OH-- LAST BIRTHDAY THEY GAVE ME A DIAMOND BRACELET, A GOLD WATCH, A FIFTY-DOLLAR PERFUME SET AND A BEAUTIFUL GOLD PIN!
GOSH, DIDN'T IT MAKE YOU NERVOUS WHEN THEY GAVE YOU ALL THAT?
NO, NOT A BIT! I JUST KEPT CALM AND COLLECTED
ENCEE DARLING, I LOVE YOU BUT I CAN'T AFFORD TO BUY YOU EXPENSIVE PRESENTS!
THOSE BOY-FRIENDS YOU HAD IN THE PAST HAD MONEY BUT YOU DIDN'T REALLY LOVE THEM!
BUT THAT'S PAST! NOW AT PRESENT YOU HAVE ME! AND IN THE FUTURE WELL--
-FORGET THE PAST AND REMEMBER- THE FUTURE DEPENDS ON THE PRESENT! IF YOU KNOW WHAT I MEAN! HEY, TOMMY!
?

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

An educated South Indian Gowd Saraswath youth of 25, from a respectable family, drawing a decent salary, wants to marry a beautiful girl of the same community: Age limit 20. Non-matric. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply with photo: Box No. 7211 "Bombay Chronicle"

Maharashtrian girl, age 20-22, Undergraduate required by Maharashtrian officer in Government Sea Service, age 24, Pay Rs. 650 p.m. Write with full particulars to Box No. 7201, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Hindu (Kshattriya) Doctor with British degrees, Bachelor, 29 yrs., very wealthy, originally from India, now settled overseas, a beautiful and educated girl. Caste, dowry immaterial. Apply Box No. 7180, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted one L.C.P.S. for Malan Dispensary. Apply with testimonials to Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur State, Palanpur (N. G.) 5638

Wanted trained and experienced Lady Teachers for Girls' School in Bombay Suburb: (1) Graduate for English and History/Geography, (2) Graduate for Gujarati. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 7195, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted M.B.B.S., Doctor for Dasha Shreemali Vanik Dispensary, Morvi. Apply stating qualifications and experience. Starting salary, etc., to the Honorary Secretary, Shree Dasha Shreemali Vanik Dispensary Morvi. Dasha Shreemali Jain will be given first preference. 5629

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad. Apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms" Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (7215)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad. Apply for 'Terms' (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., Employment Suppliers, Subathu (Simla Hills). 7218

SITUATIONS WANTED

Fresh Matriculate Hindu Girl knowing Typewriting seeks Clerical Job. Contact Box No. 7214, "Bombay Chronicle".

FLATS & BUNGALOWS TO LET

Available "modern four and five roomed flats immediate occupation. Worli and Warden Road. With modern furniture and Telephone. No pugree." Business Exchange, Commissariat Building, 231, Hornby Road, Bombay. (7210)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Residential Accommodations for any community are expected, available in November, in Colaba, Bandra Byculla, Dadar and Girgaon. Register immediately for priority. Vispee Company, Balaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction. Holidays closed. (7213)

MEDICAL ADLETS

God's Gift Medicine Hydrocele will be cured like magic within seven days. Rs. 3/8/- including all charges. Menaka Debi 19, S. N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. 5462

The special day of the year Kailash Hills Herb relieves Asthma radically by a single dose. To be taken on 29-10-47 (full moon). Mr. D. Singh Deputy Collector, Lucknow writes: "I have used your medicine myself and to my great astonishment I am quite free of this Asthma disease". Apply Bramhachari G. Dass, Shri Sidh Bramhacharya Sewashram P. O. Chitrakot, U.P. 7216

MOTOR TRUCKS PARTS

Wanted Replacement Parts for Dodge three ton Trucks—Model—T. 254. Firms who can supply them are requested to write for tender forms and Specifications, by the 25th October, 1947, to The Director of Transport, Travancore State, Trivandrum. 5640

BUSINESS OFFERS

American Patent (Plastic) Leather from New Stock can be had from C. D. Agencies, 77, Medows St., Fort, Bombay. 7212

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted following machinery: 1. Yarn Winders from hanks to cones or bottle bobbins having 100 spindles. 2. One one-ton bleaching kier. 3. Two washing machines. 4. Hydro Extractor. 5. Calendars 6. Steam Presses. 7 Spreader and Dryer. The above machinery is required for a big Hosiery plant and interested persons giving full details of machinery delivery period and price acceptable should correspond with M/s. Modi Spinning & Weaving Mills Co. Ltd., Modinagar. E.P.R. (Dist. Meerut) 5599

Glass Factory owners desiring to purchase Glass machinery, Furnaces, lehrs and equipment and wishing to see modern glass factories in Europe and U.S.A. are to communicate with Prof. R. Charan, Head of the Glass Technology Dept., B. H. University, Benares, enclosing a stamped envelope and a postal order for Rs. 5/-. 7197

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale Marine Drive First Class New Property right facing sea monthly rents over 4,200 Vacant possession one large flat. Price Rupees seven lacs. Box No. 7186 'Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY:
EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for temporary appointment for a period of one year, as an Assistant Civil Engineer in the Vizagapatam Port, on the scale of pay Rs. 350—500/-.

2. Application in the candidate's own handwriting, accompanied by a fee of Rs. 5/- and duly supported by proof of possession of requisite qualifications, together with certificates of good character from the Head of the Institution in which the candidate last studied or from the last employer and attested by the District Magistrate or any other Gazetted Officer should reach the General Manager, B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, not later than the 1st November, 1947.

3. QUALIFICATIONS:— A candidate must hold a degree of a recognised Engineering College or be an Associate Member of the Institute of Civil Engineers (London) or an Associate Member of Institute of Engineers (India). The candidate should have had at least five years, practical experience of Civil Engineering works. Experience of Dock or Harbour Engineering works will be an additional qualification. He should NOT be more than 35 years of age on 1-11-47.

4. Preference will be given to candidates who have qualified at a competitive examination held by the Federal Public Service Commission for admission to the Indian Railway Service of Engineers, but have not been selected for appointment in that Service.

5. The candidate's service will be liable to termination on one month's notice during the period of his employment.

6. The selected candidate will be required to execute a declaration form. Appointment as temporary Engineer will confer no claim whatsoever to permanent employment in Railway Service.

7. Higher initial pay not exceeding Rs. 450/- p. m. may be offered to a candidate who possesses special qualification.

8. The selected candidate will be subject to the leave rules for temporary Railway Servants.

9. The selected candidate will not be eligible to subscribe to the State Railway Provident Fund nor will he be entitled to any pension or gratuity on termination of his service.

10. The selected candidate will have to take the Oath of Allegiance to the Dominion of India.

GENERAL MANAGER.
(5648)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the work of the construction of the Purification Plant at Dadar. The Plant shall be capable of giving full preliminary treatment to 9 million gallons of sewage (D.W.F.) and Secondary treatment for 4 million gallons of sewage in Enclosed Forced Draught Filters. Tenders will be received upto 1 P. M. (B.T.) on Wednesday the 5th November 1947.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees five for each copy, to any one deputed to receive them by the Special Engineer (WORKS BRANCH), who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be supplied by post.

By Order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay,
Dated 9th October, 1947.
(5645)

INVESTMENT

Various kinds of 6 to 7 1/2 per cent. Tax free Pref. Shares of Tea and others are available for sale. Enquire Sterling Investment Co., 1, British Indian Street, Calcutta. 5581

Opportunity to Investors—We deal in all kinds of Stocks and Shares. For particulars read our "Monthly Share Market Report." Specimen copy free on request. Please write to M/S Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate, Ltd., 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta (710)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for the sale of our best quality Hair Cutting Machines in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms. American Corporation, Souterganj, Kanpur. (5600)

Wanted—Agents for the Sale of Chronicle at Karachi, Hyderabad Sind. Apply for terms to Box No. 2000 "Bombay Chronicle". Bombay

Wanted Agents or Stockists for selling our Pearl and Horn Buttons apply to: The Chitra Button Factory, Dacca (Bengal). 7002

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted yarn of 20s-30s mercerised cotton for the hosiery factory for manufacturing underwears, banyans and socks, Please write with samples, quotations and time of delivery to Modi Hosiery Factory, Modinagar (U.P.). 7198

Coloured Views of Dakshineswar Kali temple where Ramkrishna Paramhangsa obtained Attainment of Success A complete set of 16 Re. 1 only. V. P. charges extra. Apply. Secretary. Ravi Rani Rashmonic Smrity Samiti, 19, S. N. Banerji Road. Calcutta. 5461

Wholesale Rates of ready-made clothes and cut-pieces wanted by Rawson Bros., 17, Cantt., Bareilly U. P. (7223)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF COCHIN.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF MEDICINES.

COCHIN STATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT invites tenders for the supply of medicines required for the year 1123 (1947-48) Printed list of the medicines required and the conditions under which they should be supplied can be had from the Chief Medical Officer, Ernakulam, Cochin State. The last date for receiving tenders is 30th October, 1947.

DIRECTOR OF PUBLICITY AND INFORMATION.
5647

THE DIGVIJAY INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
Dhan-Noor, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 30646
Telegrams: "DIGINSCO" BOMBAY

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of the holders of policies of Life Insurance issued by the Digvijay Insurance Co., Limited, Bombay will be held at the Company's Registered Office, at Dhan-Noor, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 20th January, 1948, at 2-30 p.m. for the purpose of electing three Directors to the Board of Directors of the Company from persons holding policies of Life Insurance issued by the Company and having the qualifications hereinafter stated.

QUALIFICATIONS OF DIRECTORS ELECTED BY POLICY-HOLDERS.

Any person seeking election as a Policy-holder's Director of this Company should at the date of election be holding, otherwise than by way of assignment, one or more policies insuring a total sum, including any bonuses that may have attached to them before the date of election of not less than Rs. 3,000, such policy or policies shall have been in force for not less than two years.

APPLICATIONS FOR DIRECTORSHIP

Applications are hereby invited from eligible persons prepared to accept office of Policy-holders' Director. Such applications should be sent by Registered Post to the Registered Office of the Company, so as to reach it not less than two months before the date of the Meeting.

Applicants shall give their names and addresses and the numbers of and amount of the sums insured by the policies by virtue of which they claim to be eligible for election.

CERTIFICATES OF ADMISSION TO THE MEETING

Every Policy-holder who desires to attend the Meeting shall apply to the Company for a Certificate of Admission. Such application must reach the Company not less than two months before the date of the meeting and the Company on being satisfied that the applicant holds a policy of life insurance issued by the Company not less than six months before the date of election, shall issue a Certificate at least one month before the date of the meeting. Such Certificate shall, if applied for by post, be sent only to the address of the policy-holder, or if applied for in person, be delivered only on production of the relevent policy, and shall, in any case, be accompanied by a statement of the names and addresses of the eligible persons prepared to accept office whose applications have been received by the Company. A Certificate of admission shall not be transferable.

METHOD OF VOTING

Votes for the election of Directors may be given at the meeting either personally or by proxy. A proxy form for the purpose can be had from the office of the Company. Such proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer in favour of a policy-holder of the Company, and shall be presented at the Registered Office of the Company not later than one month before the date of the Meeting. No Policy-holder shall appoint more than one proxy irrespective of the Number of policies he holds.

If any policy-holder is a lunatic or an idiot, he may vote by his legal representative and if any policy-holder is a minor he may vote by his legally appointed guardian, or any one of such guardians, if more than one.

If a policy has been proposed for, and taken out jointly by more than one person having insurable interest between them, each such person shall be entitled to vote as holder of that policy.

For Digvijay Insurance Co., Ltd.,
H. N. ASHAR,
Managing Director.
2nd October, 1947. 5653

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 23-10-47 for the supply of Pulses at the Railway's Grainshops on the Poona and Bhusaval Divisions. Chillies on the Bhusaval Division and Groundnut Oil in Nasik District. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

5615

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

GENERAL MANAGER, B. B. & C. I. Rly. invites tender returnable to the Controller of Stores, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11, on 20-10-47 for the supply of 20 Tons Paint Pigment Dry Powder Red Lead Non-setting to B. S. Spec. No. 217/1936 type C.

Copy of the tender can be had on application to the Controller of Stores Tenderers not on any of the Railway's approved list of tenderers must quote Banker's guarantee. 5652

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WANTED A DRAFTSMAN.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of DRAFTSMAN for the Office of the Special Officer, Industries, Shillong, in the Department of Industries, Assam in the scale of pay of Rs. 80-90-100-4-120 p.m. plus dearness allowance as admissible according to rules.

Candidates desiring higher pay should state the pay they require.

Candidates should have a certificate from a technical school of repute or have served an apprenticeship in some good firm. In addition they must be good tracers.

Applications stating (1) age on the 1st January, 1947, (2) general education, (3) experience, (4) community, (5) home district and (6) present occupation, if any, together with copies of testimonials should reach the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 31st October, 1947.

Application fee of Rs. 5 should be credited into the Treasury under the head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and chalan only attached to application. This fee will not be refunded and no postal stamps or money orders will be accepted in lieu of Treasury chalan. 5654

CORRECTION

WITH REFERENCE to the Public Notice which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 13th October, under the signature of Milk Commissioner, Bombay, a mistake has crept in in item VII, under Technical Establishment. Public are therefore informed that 2 Mistries on Rs. 30-2-50-5/2-70 are required.

MILK COMMISSIONER,
Bombay.

MASULIPATAM MUNICIPALITY.
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited upto 4 p.m. on 15-11-1947 for the supply of one 200 K.V.A. and one 100 K.V.A. transformer of voltage ratio 11/6.K.V/420/242. Specifications and conditions of tender can be had from the Municipal Electrical Engineer.

MD. BASHEER AHMED,
Commissioner.
5651

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
CHANGE OF ADDRESS OF CHIEF COMMERCIAL MANAGER'S OFFICE

THE COMMERCIAL BRANCH of the East Indian Railway, consisting of Coaching Rates, Coaching Refunds, Goods Rates and Research Sections hitherto located in the East Indian Railway House, Fairlie Place, is being shifted to 3, Koilaghat Street, old B. A. Railway Office Building (Second Floor). All correspondence to the Chief Commercial Manager, East Indian Railway therefore with effect from the 11th October be addressed at the new Offices at 3, Koilaghat Street. (Telephone: Calcutta 6720).

CHIEF COMMERCIAL MANAGER.
Calcutta, 6th October, 1947. (5632)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from natives of the Province of Bombay before 25-11-1947 for the temporary post of PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER (RATIONING), in the Civil Supplies Department. PAY:—Rs. 475-750 plus for attending Ward Rationing Committee Meetings, a special pay of Rs. 75/- per mensem and conveyance allowance of Rs. 50/- per mensem. AGE: Not less than 25 years and not more than 40 years on 1-2-1948. Age limit relaxable in the case of candidates with exceptionally good qualifications and experience. QUALIFICATIONS: (i) Honours degree in Arts preferably in English, (ii) three years' journalistic experience, (iii) knowledge of Marathi, Gujarati and Hindustani and of the topography of Bombay City and Suburbs. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope bearing three and half annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, who will supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED. 5646

NOTICE

LABOUR OFFICER required by large European Company. Must be highly qualified by training and experience. Forward full details of training and previous employment and state salary required to Box No. 5656, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

LLOYD'S AGENCY

THE CORPORATION OF LLOYD'S announce that from the thirty-first day of October, 1947, they are closing their Exclusive Agency in Bombay presently under the control of Mr. S. P. Golton. As from the first day of November 1947 the Corporation of Lloyd's have appointed Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Limited as their Agents in Bombay. All correspondence and enquiries in connection with Lloyd's as from 1st November 1947 are to be addressed to James Finlay & Co., Limited, Chartered Bank Building, Bombay 1, Telephone No. 24144, Telegraphic address "SALVAGE".

S. P. Golton,
Lloyd's Agent,
Central Bank Building,
Bombay 1.

JAMES FINLAY & CO., LIMITED,
Chartered Bank Building
Bombay 1. (5649)

THE FINLAY MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ten Share Certificates Nos. 25331/35 and 15576/80 of the above Mills standing in the names of the undersigned conjointly have been LOST or MISPLACED and any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified to the Company at the Registered Office, Chartered Bank Building, Fort, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate Share Certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

MADANLAL NAGINBHAI and
BANSIDHAR MADANLAL.
Date, 15-10-47. (7224)

THE INDIAN ROADS & TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINETEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Roads & Transport Development Association Ltd., will be held on Friday the 31st day of October, 1947 at 5-30 p.m. (Standard Time) in the Board Room of Messrs. Associated Cement Companies Ltd., 1, Queens Road, opposite Churchgate Station, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business, namely:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Report of the Members of the Council and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1946.
(2) To elect members of the Council in place of those retiring.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1947.

By Order of the Council,
S. GUEVREK,
Honorary General Secretary.
5657

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

THE DATE of receipt of tenders for the work "A|A to the existing building to provide a yellow fever hospital at Santa Cruz" at an estimateo cost of Rs. 62,000/- is hereby changed from 14-10-47 to 18-10-47 The time of receipt and opening the tenders remains unaltered.

Tender forms can be purchased during the office hours from the office of the undersigned on a payment of Rs. 5/4/- upto 17-10-47.

Tender containing any additional condition shall not be considered.

I. S. CHOPRA,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Division No. 1,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 5623

B.P.T. STORES DEPARTMENT

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 27th October, 1947, for the supply, during the calendar year 1948, of Miscellaneous Stores, viz., Lubricants, Iron Castings, Firewood, Glass sheets, Carbide of Calcium, Mineral Turpentine, Linseed Oils, Coir and Sisal Ropes, Cotton Waste, Mattiwood, Poonwood, Vellapine and other timbers.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in forms of tender and schedule, which may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores at Rs. 5/- per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent per V.P.P. (5348)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36(d) of the Municipal Act, to consider the question of the proposed Rent Control Bill, a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office, on THURSDAY, the 23rd OCTOBER, 1947, at 4-15 p.m. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor.
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 14th October, 1947. 5655

AUCTION SALES

Under instructions from the party concerned M/s. MISTRY & CO. will sell by Public Auction Mango, Mohina and Dealwood planks, Deodar shooks, Kindal and Haldu planks and Scantlings and logs, 150 dealwood packing cases, at 3 P. M. TO-DAY, (WEDNESDAY, 15th Oct. '47), at the Godown of M/s. McKenzies Ltd., Sewri, Bay No. 1 on King Edward Rd., and at 3-30 p.m. at the waterponds, Sewri. Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel. 22801.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 900 English Lady's Fancy Handbags and 250 bags Fuller's Earth (South African) each of 200 lbs. on FRIDAY, 17th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the concerned.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

RS. 26-8

Will bring most artistically designed, real Zari worked Pure Silk BENARES SAREES. Size: 5½ yds. x 45" Colours: nice and up-to-date. Packing & postage extra. Cut samples not possible.

SETH BROTHERS,
SILK EMPORIUM, BENARES

SAPAT LOTION

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR RINGWORM, ECZEMA & OTHER SKIN DISEASES UNRIVALLED SINCE 50 YEARS Sold Everywhere

SAPAT & CO.,
BOMBAY 2

Safe to Carry—Easy to Cash

WHEREVER you go, N C B Travelers Checks guard your funds against loss or theft, because if lost or stolen before you countersign them, National City Bank will give you a prompt refund. N C B Travelers Checks can be readily converted into cash, anytime, anywhere in the United States, and in foreign countries—at airports, railway or steamship ticket offices, hotels, shops and restaurants.

Protect your travel funds with . . .
N C B TRAVELERS CHECKS

Ask for them at your bank or travel agency:
Denominations $10, $20, $50 and $100.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK
Head Office: 55 Wall Street, New York
Incorporated With Limited Liability, Under the National Bank Act of the United States of America

First in World Wide Banking

ACTIVE OVERSEAS BRANCHES

ARGENTINA: Buenos Aires, Flores, Plaza Once, Rosario
BRAZIL: Rio de Janeiro, Pernambuco, Santos, Sao Paulo
CANAL ZONE: Balboa, Cristobal
CHILE: Santiago, Valparaiso
CHINA: Shanghai, Tientsin
HONG KONG
COLOMBIA: Bogota, Barranquilla, Medellin
CUBA: Havana, Cuatro Caminos, Galiano, La Lonja, Calbarien, Cardenas, Manzanillo, Matanzas, Santiago
ENGLAND: London, 117, Old Broad St., 11, Waterloo Pl.
INDIA: Bombay, Calcutta
JAPAN: Tokyo (Limited)
MEXICO: Mexico City
PERU: Lima
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: Manila
PUERTO RICO: San Juan, Arecibo, Bayamon, Caguas, Manzanas, Ponce
REPUBLIC OF PANAMA: Panama
SINGAPORE
URUGUAY: Montevideo
VENEZUELA: Caracas

BOMBAY MUTUAL'S PROGRESS

BUSINESS PAID FOR in
1942 Rs. 1,72,59,500
1943 Rs. 3,25,50,600
1944 Rs. 5,00,00,000
1945 Rs. 6,25,00,000
1946 Rs. 6,50,00,000

The BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Chief Agents: MOHAN SONS & CO., 125, Mahatma Gandhi Road, BOMBAY: M.C SHAH & CO., 54, Gandhi Road, AHMEDABAD: S. ANAND & CO., 165 Sultan Bazar, HYDERABAD (Dn.) A. J. FERNANDES & SONS, Kamptee Road, NAGPUR: GOBINDRAM & CO., 56-6, Upper Sind Colony, Sadar, KARACHI

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.